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ARAB TIMES

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آج کے اردو صحیح میں
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ایرانی طرف کی پورت پر
ایک بھی مخفون

Surrender arms, ultimatum to Tamils

COLOMBO, Dec 20. (AP): President Junius R. Jayewardene said yesterday that Tamil rebels must surrender their arms to Indian troops within 45 days or face their military might.

Jayewardene, addressing a meeting of more than 8,000 members of the ruling United National Party, said he would grant a general amnesty to the militants if they gave up their arms.

The rebels must "surrender themselves physically and their arms in the next 1 1/2 months to Indian troops or be killed," he said.

Jayewardene signed a peace accord with India on July 29 to end the four-year-old Tamil separatist war. He agreed to grant autonomy to Tamil-dominated areas in exchange for arms surrender.

A general amnesty was granted to the rebels under the accord, but was withdrawn after more than 200 Sinhalese villagers were killed in a rampage in early October.

The Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam, the largest rebel group, has opposed the accord and demanded further concessions. More than 25,000 Indian troops are in Sri Lanka under the peace pact to disarm the rebels in the north and east.

Jayewardene also vowed to crush Sinhalese extremists who oppose the accord.

"The Indian Army will win in the north and east and we will win in the south," Jayewardene said.

Iraq beats back big Iranian offensive

BAGHDAD, Dec 20. (Reuters): Iraq said today it had thrown back a big Iranian offensive on the south-central war front, but diplomats said Baghdad expected more attacks in the next few weeks.

A high command communiqué said the thrust, spearheaded by two brigades, was launched at 10.45 pm (1945 GMT) yesterday and was repulsed after about 12 hours of fighting.

The Iraqis have massed about 370,000 troops some 20 km (12 miles) east of Basra for an offensive which has been widely predicted for weeks.

But one diplomat said he did not expect a major push until February because, he said, Tehran was short of arms and ammunition.

He described the latest offensive as a test of Iraqi defences "which proved the Iraqis were vigilant and able to destroy the two-brigade attack in a relatively short time."

(Continued on Page 2)



Saud Al Osaimi receiving David Mellor (right) upon his arrival in Kuwait.

Israel pours in more troops as unrest continues

TEL AVIV, Dec 20, (Agencies): Israeli troops shot and wounded seven Palestinians in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip today while the cabinet met to hear a report on violence that has aroused worldwide condemnation.

Police moved reinforcements into Arab East Jerusalem after the worst unrest there in more than a decade.

In Far'a refugee camp in the West Bank, the Army said it fired at the legs of demonstrators who hurled stones and metal objects at them, slightly wounding four youths, after teargas and rubber bullets failed to disperse the crowd.

A curfew was clamped on the camp.

Troops shot and wounded a fifth Palestinian who hurled a petrol bomb at troops in Kabatia in the West Bank and a sixth in the Gaza city neighbourhood of Shajaya, the Army said.

Officials at Shifa Hospital in Gaza said a seventh Palestinian, aged 21, had been shot and wounded.

Unrest

Troops have killed at least 16 demonstrators in 12 days of unrest which threatened Israel's lucrative Christmas tourism trade, with disturbances spreading to Bethlehem.

Palestinian reports have said 20 Arabs have been killed in the violence.

Leaders of Israel's 750,000 Arabs called for a nationwide general strike tomorrow.

"Headquarters has ordered all police leave to be cancelled. We have received additional help," Jerusalem police chief Yosef Yehudai said.

He was speaking to reporters after what officials yesterday described as the worst unrest in Arab East Jerusalem since Israel captured it with the West Bank and Gaza Strip in the 1967 Middle East war. Sixty demonstrators were arrested.

Israeli officials were stunned by criticism from abroad that included strong statements by the United States, Israel's closest ally, and outspoken attacks by Egypt, the only Arab country to make peace with the Jewish state.

There has also been criticism at home with the leftist news-

paper Al Hanashmar accusing the Army of covering up at least 10 deaths.

But the Peace Now organisation, which drew 400,000 demonstrators to a 1982 rally against Israeli policy in Lebanon, drew fewer than 3,000 protesters to a rally in Tel Aviv on a cold Saturday night.

Demanded

Shulamit Aloni, a member of parliament from the leftist Citizens Rights Movement, said Israeli democracy demanded the recognition of Palestinian rights.

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) distributed leaflets in Gaza demanding an end to what it called Israel's "iron fist" policy.

The leaflets called for continued Palestinian resistance until Israel halted the policy, ended expulsions, freed prisoners detained in the recent unrest and guaranteed human rights.

Gaza Strip demonstrators, enforcing a boycott of work in the Jewish state, stoned a bus taking Arab workers to Israel and set it ablaze after the passengers fled, the Army said.

A curfew was clamped on the camp.

Troops shot and wounded a fifth Palestinian who hurled a petrol bomb at troops in Kabatia in the West Bank and a sixth in the Gaza city neighbourhood of Shajaya, the Army said.

Officials at Shifa Hospital in Gaza said a seventh Palestinian, aged 21, had been shot and wounded.

(Continued on Page 2)

Britain offers Kuwait weapons

By Jadranka Porter

BRITAIN has confirmed its readiness to supply Kuwait with a wide range of effective weapon systems and advice on security issues to help bolster its defence ability, according to the British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, David Mellor.

Mellor arrived in Kuwait yesterday on a four-day visit to discuss security issues, emanating from the escalation in the Gulf war, with top government officials. Responding to a question whether Kuwait had approached Britain with a request for weapons Mellor said:

"We are constantly being asked in a course of a very friendly relationship between our two governments."

Process

Mellor, who was received by Kuwait's Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Saoud Al Osaimi, will hold talks with HH the Crown Prince and Prime Minister, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah, and ministers of cabinet affairs, defence and oil.

Mellor, who is on a Gulf tour arrived in Kuwait from Saudi Arabia.

Mellor welcomed the Soviet

Union's willingness to join in the process of working on an arms embargo against Iran but pointed out that the Soviets still have to state their position clearly.

Moscow has indicated that it will only vote for an arms embargo if the Security Council agreed to their proposal to set up a UN naval force in the Gulf.

"If that is a condition it will rightly bring them condemnation of the Arab nation which will not want to see their need for a follow-up resolution used as a bargaining counter in order to remove Western naval forces from the Gulf," Mellor said.

"Now that the Soviets are willing to make progress we should take them at their word and try to make progress as soon as possible," he added.

Britain, which assumes the chairmanship of the Security Council in January, has been pushing for an arms embargo against Iran, which has virtually rejected a UN ceasefire resolution.

Reiterating the British commitment to the security of the region, Mellor said that the presence of British Armilla patrol in the Gulf was opened.

(Continued on Page 2)

US 'trying to' patch up Ershad and opposition

DHAKA, Dec 20. (Reuters): Bangladeshi freed six more political detainees today in a continuing attempt to foster peace talks with the opposition, which is trying to topple President Hossain Mohammad Ershad.

The detainees were among some 5,000 arrested since the start last month of the concerted campaign to overthrow Ershad.

The release of the politicians coincided with a statement by the United States that it hoped the unrest, in which Bangladesh has lost millions of dollars in the past month, would be resolved through dialogue.

Hopes

"The United States hopes that a dialogue which should include all political elements will lead to a peaceful and constitutional resolution to the current situation," a brief US embassy statement said.

The official BSS news agency, quoting a government announcement, said those released belonged to the fundamentalist Jamaat-e-Islami, the pro-Moscow Communist Party and the Bangladesh National Party.

The political dissidents arrested since the start of the anti-

Ershad agitation on Nov 10 included the two main opposition leaders, Sheikh Hasina and Begum Khaleda Zia. They were later freed.

Ershad offered talks with the opposition on holding fresh elections and promised honest balloting.

But the two leaders refused to talk. They insisted that Ershad step down after handing over power to a caretaker government which should be responsible for overseeing a fresh election.

They charge that Ershad, 57, rigged the ballot to win a presidential election in October 1986.

Improve

A US embassy spokesman said Ambassador Williard de Pree courted courtesy calls last week on Hasina and Khaleda. He was believed in political circles to be trying to mediate between them and Ershad.

Diplomats say Washington tacitly supports Ershad, partly because of his initiative to improve the economy of his impoverished country. The United States gives aid of \$300 million worth of food and goods to Bangladesh each year.

(Continued on Page 2)

Syria, Oman set up ties

DAMASCUS, Dec 20. (Reuters): Syria and Oman have agreed to establish diplomatic relations and exchange ambassadors, the official Syrian news agency Sana said today.

It said the decision followed talks between visiting Omani Foreign Minister Youseff Bin Alawi and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Foreign Minister Farouq Al Shara yesterday.

"The meetings centred around

bilateral relations between Syria and the Sultanate of Oman and means of improving these relations, so in this context it was agreed to exchange ambassadors and establish diplomatic relations," Sana said.

The two countries have not had diplomatic relations since they became independent. Britain recognised the full independence of Oman in 1951 while Syria achieved full independence in 1946.

Egypt waives visas for nine Arab states

CAIRO, Dec 20. (Reuters): Egypt said today that nationals of Arab states which have resumed diplomatic relations with Cairo would no longer need entry visas.

Visitors from the nine countries involved would be allowed an unrestricted six-month stay in Egypt, a senior Interior Ministry official told the Middle East News Agency.

They would have to change the equivalent of \$180 into Egyptian currency every month thereafter, he said.

The United Arab Emirates, Iraq, Morocco, Kuwait, North Yemen, Bahrain, Saudi Arabia, Mauritania and Qatar restored full diplomatic relations with Egypt last month after an Arab summit in Amman freed Arab states to do so individually.

All Arab countries except Sudan, Oman and Somalia broke relations with Egypt in 1979 over its peace treaty with Israel. Jordan and Djibouti resumed ties in 1984 and 1986 respectively.

Scientist missing

NEW DELHI, Dec 20. (Reuters): Police issued an alert today for a Soviet scientist who disappeared while shopping with fellow tourists in New Delhi.

Police said Babu Alexander, 25, went missing last Friday from a tour group of 35 Russians. They described him as a scientist but had no other details. A Soviet embassy official declined comment.

The last Russian to disappear in Delhi was diplomat Igor Gheja who vanished in March 1985 while on an early morning walk in the capital only to surface a few days later in the United States.

WHAT is really amazing about the current Palestinian revolution is that the youth have not raised any picture of any of the well-known Palestinian leaders. They have raised only the Palestinian flag, the true leader of the Palestine revolution, taken down by the Jews in 1948, and until now used only for decoration.

In their revolution, the youth of Palestine raised the slogans Long live Palestine, Long live the revolution inside Palestine. Those who have watched the news covering the uprising must have noticed that not one picture has been raised — not of Abu Faleh, Abu Saleh, Abu Nidal or anyone else.

Praise and glory be to these men who have raised only the Palestinian flag.

Zahed Matar

Kuwait Times

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INTERNATIONAL

Election protests continue in S. Korea

SEOUL, Dec 20. (UPI): Dissident youths protesting the election of ruling party candidate Roh Tae-Woo in the presidential election staged a third straight day of demonstrations today in Seoul and a provincial city.

The protests in Seoul were peaceful, but students in Kwangju — hometown of dissident leader and defeated candidate Kim Dae Jung — set fire to a police station and injured five officers, the domestic Yonhap news agency said.

In Seoul, about 400 people continued a sit-in at the Myeong-dong Cathedral to protest alleged vote fraud. The sit-in began following a series of violent confrontations in downtown areas Friday.

A spokesman for the group said the sit-in will continue until the election is nullified. "We are not going to leave the church compound until the election is declared void," he said.

There were no police at the church. A police source said riot squads withdrew to permit the youths to leave.

In Kwangju, 273 kms south of Seoul, about 50 students threw some 30 firebombs and scores of rocks at a police station this afternoon, Yonhap said.

One police officer suffered a

broken rib and four others were hospitalised for treatment of burns, the news agency reported.

Largest

Following the burning of the police station, about 500 people chanting "nullify the election" fought with police in downtown Kwangju, Yonhap said, adding that at least three demonstrators were arrested.

Roh captured 36 per cent of the vote in winning Wednesday's election, the first direct presidential voting in nearly 17 years. But even before the polls closed dissidents began protesting alleged fraud.

The two major opposition candidates — Kim Dae-Jung and Kim Young-Sam — split the anti-government vote, allowing Roh to walk away with the victory.

More than 1,600 protesters have been arrested, including more than 1,000 people who had seized a district administration office in southern Seoul for three days.

Authorities are investigating those involved in the demonstrations but sources said only those who led the protests or were involved in violent actions would be charged.

"The government hopes to build



Roh Tae-Woo

up an atmosphere of reconciliation and no mass charging is likely," a source said.

Message

Meanwhile, US President Ronald Reagan, in his weekly radio address to the nation last night, praised "democracy" in South Korea despite allegations of vote fraud and two days of rioting.

Reagan's only attempt to mollify the opposition forces, who split the anti-government vote, was to advise that "electrons have losers as well as winners. The essence of democracy is the willingness to accept results and perhaps to try again at the next election."

Pay toilet

Efforts for UN sanctions against Iran

Hussein seeks Soviet backing

AMMAN, Dec 20. (AP): King Hussein flies to Moscow tomorrow capping a year of shuttle summits that has made him the catalyst for Arab efforts to end the Gulf war.

The King will be making his first trip to the Soviet Union since 1982. Diplomats say talks will centre on Arab efforts to win Moscow's backing for sanctions against Iran if Tehran refuses to halt the 7-year-old conflict with Iraq.

US Secretary of State George Shultz said last Wednesday that there were signs of progress in the Soviet position on sanctions. Hussein's visit would be an opportune time for the Soviet Union to make that stand public, mollifying Arab irritation by Syria and Iraq, long bitter foes.

Standing

Hussein relied on British support in the early days of his 34-year reign, and he always has enjoyed a good reputation in the West. But his standing in the Arab world has been affected by his conflicts with the Palestine Liberation Organisation, and by his Western ties.

"Thanks to the ... relentless Jordanian followup, we for the first time find summit resolutions that have not been left mere ink on paper," said Ahmed Jarallah, Chief editor of the Kuwaiti daily

Al-Seyassah, and Arab Times in an editorial.

Forefront

While Hussein has been at the forefront of Arab diplomacy, the muscle has come from the oil-rich Gulf states.

Their concern about Iranian threats led them to push for Syria to fall into line behind Iraq and for the readmission of militarily potent Egypt to the Arab ranks. Most Arab states broke ties with Egypt after its 1979 peace treaty with Israel.

Hussein has shuttled between Syria and Iraq to plead for reconciliation.

The summit decision to let states restore ties with Egypt vindicated Hussein's move to do that in 1984, an act that made Jordan a bridge between Egypt and other Arab states.

The King's efforts have raised his standing among the Arabs. But it remains unclear whether that prestige will help him solve the central problem of his long reign: the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Palestinians form a majority

of Jordan's nearly three million people, and the continuing failure to settle their status and to end the repeated conflicts with neighbouring Israel are continuing threats to the Jordanian crown.

Deadlock

Hussein has hammered away at the deadlock blocking solution of the war with Israel — a problem Arabs see in terms of the Palestinians who were driven from their lands or who now live under Israeli military occupation.

Hussein tested US President Ronald Reagan's 1982 Middle East peace plan. He tried an alliance with the PLO, which collapsed last year. He has continually crusaded for a UN-sponsored peace conference.

A tangled knot of problems has foiled him. The Arab states insist on PLO involvement. The PLO refuses to accept Israel as long as Israel or the United States refuse Palestinian self-determination. Neither will talk with the PLO, at least as long as it refuses to accept Israel.

Iraq beats back big offensive

(Continued from Page 1)

The reported attack came amid a stalemate in United Nations efforts to implement Security Council resolution 598 ordering a ceasefire in the seventh year war.

Iraq says it is ready to accept the resolution, but Iran says Baghdad must be named the aggressor before it will agree to a ceasefire.

The Soviet Union has blocked attempts by the United States and some other permanent members of the Security Council to impose an arms embargo on Tehran.

Moscow sent a special envoy, Mikhail Svetenko, to Baghdad last week to explain its stance. While repeating the Soviet rejection of an embargo to force Tehran to accept a ceasefire, he promised to continue arms supplies to Iraq to counter any new offensive.

Britain offers Kuwait weapons

(Continued from Page 1)

"There is every reason to believe that if the minesweepers were withdrawn the Iranians could start mining the sea lanes again" he said.

He condemned the Israeli security forces' approach in dealing with the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories. "Their security forces were over-violent and that is damaging," said Mellor.

"The only path to true peace is allowing the Palestinians their right to self determination and restoration of their human and democratic rights," he added.

Skin Murmur...

Israel pours in more troops as unrest continues

(Continued from Page 1)

protests today by summoning the Israeli ambassador.

Moshe Sason was told of Cairo's outrage at what a Foreign Ministry statement termed "the brutal, oppressive measures taken by Israel against the Palestinian people in the occupied territories."

Egypt has now issued five angry statements in eight days on the handling of West Bank and Gaza unrest.

Syria, lauding Palestinian protests in the Israeli-occupied territories, urged all Arabs today to "join the revolution in Palestine."

About 25,000 chanting protesters in the south Lebanon of Sidon vowed today to take revenge on Israel for killing Palestinian demonstrators in the occupied territories.

The Jordanian Parliament, half of its members from Israeli-occupied lands, yesterday unanimously denounced what it called Israel's "vicious and repressive actions" against Palestinian protesters.

Pope John Paul II issued a Christmas appeal today for an end to violence and injustice in the holy land and said he feels "particularly close" to suffering Palestinians.

The ambassadors of 10 Arab countries, representatives of the Arab League and PLO and about 50 demonstrators, who gathered in St Peter's Square to ask the Pope's support for the Palestinian cause, applauded his words.

"Stop the genocide of the Palestinian people," their banner read.

India buying Soviet N-reactors

NEW DELHI, Dec 20. (Reuters): India plans to buy at least three enriched uranium-fuelled nuclear reactors from the Soviet Union and open them to international inspection, the Sunday Mail reported.

The newspaper, which did not quote sources for the report, said the decision marked a departure from India's natural uranium or heavy water-based nuclear power programme.

India would have to allow foreign inspection of Soviet-built plants because Moscow has signed the London agreement which seeks to ensure that enriched uranium, an ingredient of atomic bombs, is not misused. Indian officials could not be reached for comment.

The Sunday Mail said Delhi would buy three, 440-megawatt reactors and take an option on another six. It gave no details of cost or delivery dates.

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Kabul frees 350 detainees

ISLAMABAD, Dec 20. (AP): The Afghan government released 351 political prisoners last night as part of a general amnesty programme announced last month. Afghanistan's official radio said.

Radio Kabul, monitored in Islamabad, said the prisoners were freed from jails in the eastern provinces of Nangarhar and Kunar and in Herat in western Afghanistan.

The release raises the number of freed political prisoners to 2,769 since President Najibullah declared an amnesty during a meeting of the Grand National Council last month. The Loya Jirga, made up of 1,500 delegates, rubber-stamped a new constitution and elected Najibullah as President of the embattled nation.

Western diplomats in

Islamabad have reported that 2,300 prisoners released in Kabul on Dec 6 were immediately transferred to the Afghan Army.

Meanwhile, Soviet television reported that Afghan troops

have launched a major offensive against some 9,000 insurgents in south-east Afghanistan near the Pakistan border.

The television showed film of the troops shelling what a Soviet reporter said were rebel strongholds and arms supply routes in a snow-capped mountain range in the Khost district of Paktia province.

The reporter, Mikhail Leshchinsky, said the operation had both military and political objectives and was under the command of the Chief-of-Staff of the Afghan Army, Lieutenant-General Shah Nawaz.

In an interview translated into

Russian, the general told Leshchinsky the action had been launched after efforts to find a peaceful solution to the fighting in the area had failed.

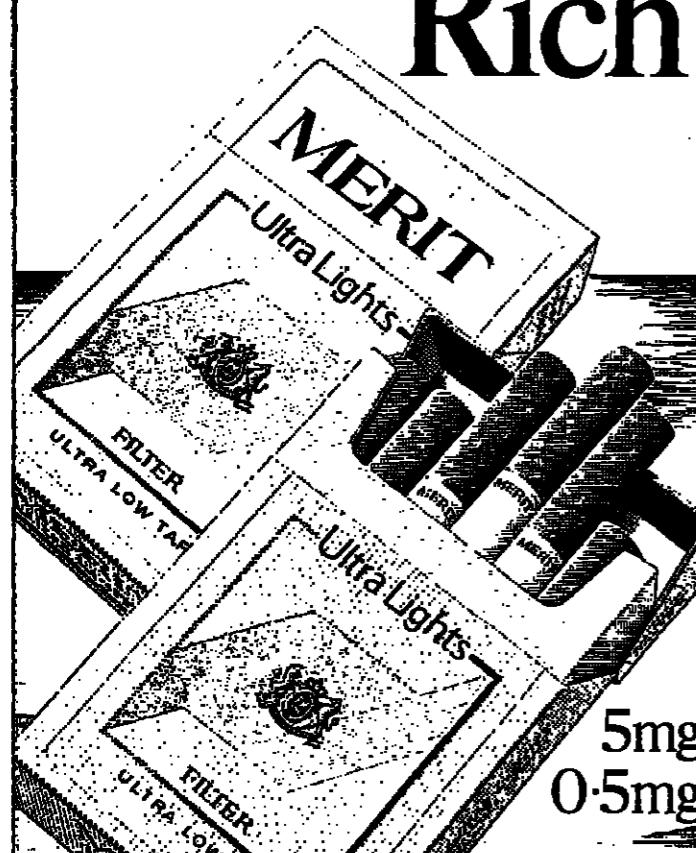
The Soviet reporter said armed groups from the local Jadrani tribe had cut the region off from the centre of the country over a long period.

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In an interview translated into

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KUWAIT

Riyadh meeting to prepare for summit

GCC foreign ministers to discuss escalation of Gulf war

FEARS of further escalation in the Iran-Iraq war are expected to dominate the agenda of Gulf Arab foreign ministers who meet in Riyadh today, to prepare for a regional summit.

Since their last summit in Abu Dhabi in November 1986, the six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states have been increasingly sucked into the seven-year conflict on the side of Iraq.

Repulsed

Officials said the summit due to open on Dec 26 would consider joint defence and security measures to protect the Gulf states from a spillover of the war.

The heads of state would discuss support for UN Security Council Resolution 598, which demands a ceasefire, and a possible new overture to Tehran, the

officials said.

The talks take place amid predictions of a major new offensive towards the southern Iraqi city of Basra by Iran, reported to have massed 370,000 troops on the southern war front.

Iraq said yesterday it repulsed an Iranian thrust about 200 km northeast of Basra after a 12-hour battle.

A build-up by foreign navies in the Gulf has thrust the GCC states in the middle of superpower rivalry and clashes between the United States and Iran.

Dialogue

GCC Assistant Secretary-General for political affairs Saif Al Maskari told the Qatari news agency on Saturday the summit would discuss increased military cooperation and a security strategy approved by GCC

interior ministers.

He said the talks would be extension of last month's Arab League summit in Amman which criticised Iran for attacking Kuwait with missiles and refusing to accept resolution 598.

Kuwait has accused Iran of firing at least seven Silkworm missiles at its oil installations since September.

The Arab League summit also upbraided Iran for its alleged role in clashes between Iranian pilgrims and Saudi police in the holy city of Makkah last July in which more than 400 people died.

Trade

The clashes led to a sharp deterioration in relations between Riyadh and Tehran and prompted calls by some GCC states for a cut in diplomatic ties.

Seminar urges mothers to breast feed their infants

MOTHERS have been urged to breast feed their infants and not to give them powdered milk products by five specialists during a seminar held recently.

The chairman of the social committee of the Kuwait Medical Association Dr Bader Hamadah, said that all companies making milk had failed to find a suitable alternative to human milk despite the intensified propaganda.

A member of the medicine faculty at Kuwait University, Dr Ezzat Shaltout, said that the mother's milk was the best food for a baby because it met nutritional requirements and contributed to a baby's growth in general and to the formation of teeth in particular.

Incentives

A doctor at the Maternity Hospital, Dr Mohammed Salihuddin, said that breast feeding was beneficial to the mother. It leads to rapid shrinking of the uterus, helps prevent pregnancy in 60 per cent of lactating mothers, and also helped protect mothers from breast and ovary cancer.

A member of the education faculty at Kuwait University, Dr Ibrahim Al Kholaifi, said that educated mothers in the West

Tanzanian movement seeks funds

A NON-PROFIT Tanzanian group has made an appeal for funds to support their Green Belt Movement.

The movement was launched in June this year to start an extensive campaign to plant trees and create awareness to replant trees and generally prompting the creation of green belts across Tanzania. Soil and energy conservation are also taught at the grass-roots level to "keep the Sahara at bay in Tanzania."

Now, the movement has run into trouble due to shortage of funds and have made an appeal for donations to "save lives from poverty, famine and death."

They need a total of \$20,000 to continue the "tree planting campaign." Donations can be sent to the Green Bell Movement of Tanzania, PO Box 70593, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.

The Secretary General of the museum Hamad Al Atiqi said that the museum received about two thousand students daily in addition to other visitors.

Preparing for anniversary

IN preparation for Kuwait Science Museum's sixteenth anniversary celebration in February, the museum has commissioned portraits of HH the Amir and HH the Crown Prince and Prime Minister.

During the three-day visit, which began on December 14 AbuGhazala held talks with Kuwait's Defence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah on bilateral cooperation.

Europe-Arabian Gulf Trade Implementation of Currency Adjustment Factor

With reference to the notice in the press during the first week of December, owing to a further deterioration in the value of the U.S. dollars, the lines have decided to introduce a currency adjustment factor of 3% on all cargo shipped on vessels commencing to load on or after 1st January 1988 from U.K. or North West Continent or Scandinavia.

This currency adjustment factor has been calculated by taking average exchange rates over the period 1st - 14th December and comparing these to the lines operating costs related to the average exchange rates applicable for the month of February 1987. This calculation shows that a currency adjustment factor of 6 percent is justified. However, in order to mitigate the effect of the currency adjustment factor on shippers/consignees the lines have decided to absorb the first 3% thus giving an actual currency adjustment factor to be applied of 3% as noted above in the first paragraph of this notice.

For the future the lines will on the 15th of each month monitor the currency relationships over the first 14 days of the month and recalculate the currency adjustment factor formula, with any change in the currency adjustment factor being rounded to the nearest 0.5% and to take effect from the 1st day of the following month. If the full currency adjustment factor percentage is less than 5% then no currency adjustment factor will be levied.

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P+O Container Lines Ltd.
Sea-Land Services Inc.
United Arab Shipping Co. (SAG)



• US Ambassador Nathaniel Howell hosted a reception on Saturday to bid farewell to commercial counsellor Harry Ryder who will be returning home at the end of his term in Kuwait. Picture shows the host with Ryder (left).

Arab League official lauds superpower agreement

East crisis, Afghanistan issue and human rights.

Optimism

Although the superpowers summit was described as a complete success, yet it has some negative aspects such as the superpowers' bilateral decision on the fate of the world which mean interfering in the sovereignty of other states.

Regarding the Iraq-Iran war, Mokhtar expressed optimism that a bilateral understanding will help end the nearly eight year old Iraq-Iran war.

Hailing Iraq's economic situation after all these years of bloodshed, Mokhtar said the Iraq's economy is prospering and noted that Iraqi oil exports increased to 2.5 million barrels per day while in the year 1983 the export figure did not exceed 400,000 b/d.

On the other hand, the Arab League information official explained that Iran's economy is deteriorating and it exports about one million barrels a day of crude oil maximum.

The minister also signed a KD750,000 contract for the two year maintenance of a number of government buildings.

ROYAL COURT

Amiri audience

HH the Amir received yesterday Sheikh Jaber Al Ali.

Cable of thanks

HH the Amir received yesterday a cable of thanks from the special committee assigned to study the performance of the Arab League Information Bureau abroad for his constructive efforts to boost Arab solidarity and clear the Arab atmosphere.

The cable further expressed appreciation for Amir's historic and effective role in protecting Kuwait's independence and sovereignty and ensuring the country's stability and welfare and praised the great Kuwaiti informational role in the international arena.

The Amir sent a cable of thanks wishing the committee all the best in service of Arab information.

KUWAIT PRESS DIGEST

Warning on Franco-Arab ties

A KUWAITI newspaper warned yesterday that Franco-Arab relations would cool unless the French government moves to curb some French and international circles that are plotting to damage these traditionally friendly links.

"There is no denying that there are some dark clouds hanging over Franco-Arab skies due to recent revelations of a French government role in the sale of arms and explosives to Iran," Al Rai Al Aam newspaper said in a front-page editorial.

"France alone is responsible for reigning in those mischief-doers. We Arabs are disinclined to forget the hand that gives assistance at times of hardship and crisis," the daily commented.

The paper argued that Arab citizens are starting to question the credibility of France, and warned of a second Irangate fiasco, this time involving the French government.

Palestinian uprising

A KUWAITI newspaper charged yesterday the Western governments of acquiescing to the wanton Israeli atrocities against the unarmed Palestinian citizens in the occupied Arab territories despite their claims of championing public civil liberties.

The daily Al Watfa said the brutal Israeli onslaught on the innocent Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip over the past 12 days "has exposed the false American and West European claims of defending human rights."

This genuine popular uprising in which stones are the main tool of revolt against Israeli tyranny has unveiled many sour facts, particularly regarding human rights issues, the paper went on.

Is the right of Soviet Jewry to immigrate, which US President Reagan insisted should be discussed during his recent summit meeting with Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev, different from the right of Palestinians to live in honour and dignity? Asked the Kuwaiti newspaper.

"The Reagan-Gorbachev talks were about to fail because the US insisted on discussing the rights of Soviet Jewry. George Bush, the US Vice-President, led a demonstration in Washington to defend Soviet Jews," Al Watfa recalled.

Neither Britain, nor France, both self-claimed supporters of universal human rights, have said a word of condemnation of the Israeli savagery either, the daily concluded.

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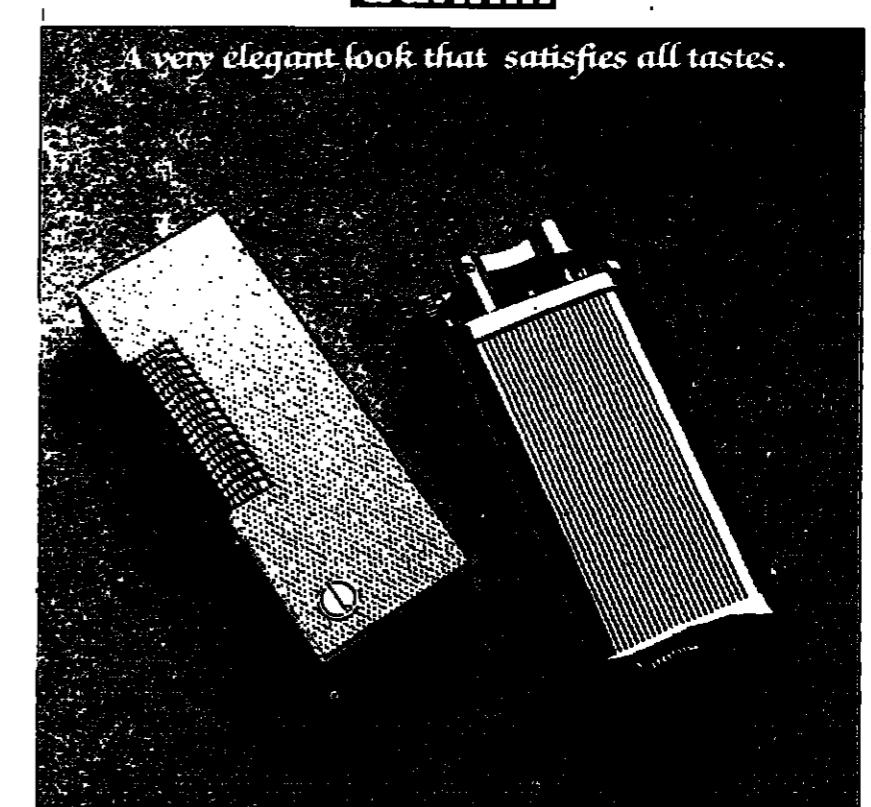
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تاجرا

Cabinet discusses Jawara's visit

THE Council of Ministers held its weekly meeting yesterday headed by HH the Crown Prince and Prime Minister, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah.

The Minister of State for Cabinet Affairs, Rashed Abdul Aziz Al Rashed said the Cabinet discussed the results of the visit to Kuwait last week by President of Gambia, Dawada Jawara.

The Council of Ministers was briefed on the talks held by HH the Amir and President Jawara which concentrated on Afro-Arab relations, Islamic issues and bilateral relations and means of developing them.

Rashed said the Cabinet heard an explanation from Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed on the topics and issues to be discussed by the ministerial council of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) due to open today in Riyadh in preparation for the GCC 8th summit which is of special importance due to the delicate circumstances the Arab nation is passing through.

The ministerial council will discuss a number of important topics dealing with the develop-

ments in the Arab arena and the situation in the Arabian Gulf in particular, as well as the developments of relations among the member states and ways of consolidating them.

Rashed said the cabinet expressed hope that the conference will reach the hoped-for positive results in a way that consolidates the already strong ties among the member states.

Minister of Oil, Sheikh Ali Al Khalifa Al Sabah, presented a report to the cabinet on the results of the 82nd conference of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec) which wound up in Vienna last Tuesday and briefed the cabinet on deliberations held there which focused on prices and production ceiling and quotas of the member states.

The Council of Ministers was briefed on the resolutions adopted by the Opec conference and the new output ceiling of 15.06 million barrel a day for the next six months and the decision to maintain the official price of 18 dollar per barrel.

The council expressed hope that the Opec member will

cooperate in preserving the agreement and abiding by it in order to realize the interests of all parties and to preserve the stability of the international oil market.

The Cabinet then discussed political affairs and got acquainted with reports dealing with the international developments and the situation in the Arab world and followed up global efforts aiming at bringing the Iran-Iraq war to an end and reviewed Arab contacts and consultations aiming at bolstering Arab solidarity in the light of the Amman Arab summit conference.

The Cabinet discussed a number of domestic issues and adopted suitable resolutions on them.

Rashed said that the Council of Ministers will hold a special meeting today under the chairmanship of HH the Crown Prince and Prime Minister, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah.

He added that the session will be devoted to discussing a number of draft laws which had been studied by the ministerial legislative committee. The Council of Ministers will review the draft laws before approving them.



● Kuwait's State Minister for Municipal Affairs, Abdul Rahman Al Ghunaim, (right) yesterday met the director of the waste disposal department of Bavaria, West Germany. The meeting was attended by the first secretary of the West German Embassy in Kuwait. Their conversation included discussion of waste disposal and how to benefit from waste material in Kuwait by producing organic manure.

Changes of personal details illegal

Adopting familiar names

Sri Lankan minister ends Oman visit

MUSCAT, Dec 20, (Kuna): Sri Lankan Foreign Minister A.C.S. Hameed left here yesterday after a three-day official visit to the sultanate where he had talks with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Yousef Bin Alawi Bin Abdullah and a number of senior Omani officials on bilateral relations and aspects of promoting Omani-Sri Lankan cooperation.

The Sri Lankan minister

opened Sri Lanka's embassy in Muscat.

He paid tribute, in a press conference before departure, to the existing relations between his country and the sultanate and expressed hope that the volume of trade and economic cooperation between them would increase.

Hameed pointed out that there were a number of projects that could be carried out between Oman and Sri Lanka and help active trade and economic ties between the two countries.

He said he had extended an invitation to Abdullah to visit Sri Lanka.

Jaafar meets Awani Battash

KUWAIT'S Information Undersecretary Abdul Aziz Mohammed Jaafar yesterday met with director of Palestine Liberation Organisation's office in Kuwait Awani Battash.

Sources told Kuna that Battash expressed his appreciation towards Kuwait's stance in support of Palestinian people particularly the current popular uprising in the occupied lands.

He praised the national stance of HH the Amir, HH the Crown Prince and Premier Sheikh Saad and the Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmed towards Palestinian people.

Appointment

A DECREE was published in the latest issue of the official gazette 'Kuwait Al-Youn' appointing Hamad Abdullah Al Dakheel Al Shaye as Assistant Undersecretary at the Finance Ministry.

He will have talks with President Sheikh Zayed Bin Sultan Al Nahayan on the Iran-Iraq war, Arab issues, and bilateral ties, the official emirates news agency Wam said.

He was met at the airport by Sheikh Zayed, who visited Sanaa

last year to inaugurate the 90-million-dollar Mareb Dam

which he financed.

Saleh's trip comes one week ahead of Saturday's summit of the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states — Saudi Arabia, Oman, Qatar, Kuwait, Bahrain, and the UAE.

Recent oil discoveries in North Yemen turned the Red Sea country into an oil exporter last week with an initial output of 150,000 barrel per day.

Saleh is accompanied by his Foreign Minister Abdul Karim Ariani, who in a newspaper interview early this month ruled out joining Opec or the GCC but said Sanaa would not turn down an offer for membership in the Gulf Council.

Saleh visits UAE

ABU DHABI, Dec 20 (Reuter): North Yemen's President Ali Abdullah Saleh arrived today for a three-day official visit, his third to the United Arab Emirates (UAE).

He will have talks with President Sheikh Zayed Bin Sultan Al Nahayan on the Iran-Iraq war, Arab issues, and bilateral ties, the official emirates news agency Wam said.

He was met at the airport by Sheikh Zayed, who visited Sanaa

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Pharmacy courses

SELF-financing students who want admission to Bachelor of Pharmacy courses at Indian universities or institutions against a limited number of seats reserved for foreign students should fill application forms available at the Indian Embassy.

AN exhibition organised by the Bahrain Society for Modern Art opened on Saturday at Abdullah Al Salem gallery in the presence of a large number of visitors.

Seventy formative art paintings by 19 Bahraini artists are on

display. They depict Bahrain's environment and heritage.

The exhibition is part of efforts to strengthen cultural relations between Kuwait, Bahrain and other GCC states. It will be open to the public until Dec 28.

E. German health team holds talks

A ROUND of talks was held yesterday at the Public Health Ministry here between Health Undersecretary Dr Naif Al Naqib and the visiting East German health delegation led by director of central exporting office Hanz Hedder.

The talks tackled cooperation in health fields particularly extending the health cooperation's executive programme between the two countries health ministries.

Fahd receives Amir's message

RIYADH, Dec 20, (Kuna): King Fahd Bin Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia today received a message from HH the Amir of Kuwait.

Radio Riyadh, which aired the news, said that Kuwaiti ambassador to Saudi Arabia, Abdurahman Al Baker conveyed the message during his meeting with the Saudi monarch.

King Fahd also received a message from Amir of Qatar Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al Thani which was conveyed by Qatari ambassador in Riyadh Abdulla Al Mane.

The radio did not disclose the content of the message.

Jordanians praise cooperation

A MEETING of the Jordanian community was recently held in Kuwait as part of the Administrative Authority. Mohammad Jamal Merza, chairing the meeting, praised the cooperation between the authority and the members of the Jordanian community.

The education committee reported that they offered free tuition to private schools for about 126 students who were in need of financial assistance and the information committee reported that they were continuing their work of furthering cooperation between Kuwait and Jordan in the field of information.

Credit hours system

A COMMITTEE is to be formed to evaluate the credit hours system at Education Ministry Schools, the assistant under-secretary for general education affairs, Suad Al Rifai, said yesterday.

She told a local newspaper that the study would be a comprehensive one.

Interior Ministry marks Arab Police Day



Maj-Gen. Al Khorafi (right) presents a gift.

A FUNCTION to mark Arab Police Day was held on Saturday, under the auspices of Interior Minister Sheikh Nawaf Al Ahmed, at the Theatrical Arts Institute in Shamiya.

It was attended by Interior Ministry Undersecretary Major-General Yusuf Al Khorafi, assistant undersecretaries, directors, senior officers and officials.

The public relations director, Colonel Ahmed Al Rajab, made a speech in which he praised Arab policemen for their efforts in protecting national security. He also commended retired

Abdullah in Damascus

DAMASCUS, Dec 20, (Reuter): Saudi Arabia's Crown Prince Abdullah arrived in Damascus today on the second stage of a four-nation tour aimed at reconciling Iraq and Syria.

The official Syrian news agency Sana said he received an official welcome at Damascus airport on arrival from Baghdad.

The Prince, who was later expected to meet Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, will also visit

Egypt and Jordan.

Before leaving for Damascus, he told the Iraqi news agency that his talks with President Saddam Hussein were "fruitful, pleasant and forecast goodness for the Arab nation."

An Asian diplomat in Baghdad told Reuters his remarks indicated Hussein had responded positively to Saudi proposals for healing a long rift with Damascus.



● A woman died yesterday in a traffic accident on the Fourth Ring Road near the flyover close to Mubarak Al Kabeer Hospital. An eyewitness said that the driver fled and security men are making efforts to catch him. Picture shows the corpse and policemen.

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EVENTS

INDIAN VIDEO ROUNDUP

Comedies of manners

By Fathima Ahmed

DIRECTOR Basu Chatterjee's philosophy is to "look at the small joys of life... the moments of beauty, and pleasure." And so, after his first film *Sara Akaash* (*The Whole Sky*), a serious study of domestic disharmony, Chatterjee translated his observations of routine, daily events into movies dealing with comedy of manners.

In *Piya Ka Ghar*, Chatterjee comments on the housing problem in Bombay through the lives of a newly wed couple, played by Jaya Bhaduri and Anil Dhawan.

In *Rajnigandha*, made in 1974, the director tackles the problem of choosing between an old flame and a new love... Deepa, a research student goes to Bombay for an interview and meets an old boyfriend, a suave ad-man. Also in love with her is Sandip — lovable, cheeky and annoyingly absent-minded. Deepa settles for the old faithful.

A gentle story of a proverbial love triangle.

Chatterjee's Choti Si Baat (*A Trifle*) looks at a timid young man madly in love with a working girl. It is said that Chatterjee is in complete control of his screenplay. This is evident in *Choti Si Baat*, featuring Amol Palekar as Arun and Vidya Sinha plays Prabha.

The director's meticulous working out of detail — from dialogue to movement — becomes a trifle tedious as the film develops. One gets the feeling that Chatterjee is deliberately delaying to emphasise a point — like Prabha's sudden interest in Nagesh, which sends Arun scurrying to an expert to learn the "fine arts of dating". A threadbare story stretches into a 120 minute comedy of romance.

Though *Choti Si Baat* is not a rib-tickling comedy, it does offer moments that provoke laughter — when Arun goes to the expert to narrate his woes or when he is outwitted by Nagesh, who is too preoccupied to see Prabha's genuine interest in Arun or the time when Prabha walks into Arun's office as a petrified Arun declares his innocence in following Prabha and tells her to "forget my character certificate, I'm a bad guy." In keeping with Chatterjee's philosophy, true love triumphs in the end.

A better comedy from Chatterjee is *Safed Jhoot* (*The White Lie*), made in 1977. A



Mrinal Sen (right) addresses the gathering as Farouk Abdul Aziz, Cine Club director, looks on.

INDIAN film director Mrinal Sen on Saturday paid tribute to the late Smita Patil at the launching of the Indian Film Festival in Kuwait.

Smita starred in *Akaler Sandhaney* (*In Search of a Famine*) which was shown on the opening night.

Sen described Smita as "one of the finest actresses of the world."

Smita Patil's death last year ended her 10-year career in films.

The festival, organised by Kuwait's Cine Club, continues until Dec 30 at the auditorium of the Chambers of Commerce and Industry.

The Cine Club director bemoaned the delay in arranging the festival saying: "After 18 months of real hard work, we were able to get the festival off the ground."

Indian Ambassador N.N. Jha, who attended the opening spoke of "the other face of Indian cinema" and lauded Mrinal Sen's contribution to meaningful cinema.

WHAT'S ON

ARTS

Free Atelier

Over 90 paintings by Palestinian artist Mohammad Bou-shnaq are on show at the Free Atelier Gallery, Arabian Gulf St. The show has been organised by the Kuwait Society for Formative Arts. Open daily from 8.30 am to 12 noon and 4 to 7 pm, until Dec 22.

Bahrain Modern Art Show

An exhibition of Bahrain's modern art opens today at 5 pm at the Dahiyat, Abdullah Al Salem Gallery. It will be open daily, until Dec 28, from 9 am to 12 noon and 4 to 8 pm.

FILMS

Indian Film Festival

Mrinal Sen's latest film *Genesis*, featuring Shabana Azmi and Naseeruddin Shah, will be shown tonight at 7.30 pm at the auditorium of Kuwait's Chamber of Commerce and Industry. Children are not admitted. For further details contact the Cine Club, nr Indian Embassy, Bneid Al Qar.

British Council

Two children's films — The Christmas Raccoon and Raccoons on Ice (50 minutes) will be shown at 6 pm on Tuesday and Wednesday at the British Council in Mansouria. For reservations call 2533204; 2533227.

NIGHT CHEMIST

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Al Khayam Pharmacy
Beirut St., Nugra

Tina Munim

Vinod Mehra

Victory Day celebrated

A LARGE number of Bangladeshis celebrated the Victory Day at a cultural show organised by Moitri Sangho

CINEMA TODAY

Al Andalus

Born American

Starring: Mike Norris, Steve Durham

Al Sahniya

Ruthless People

Starring: Danny DeVito

Al Hamra

Angry Young Man

Drive-In

Jara Al Wuhoosh (Arabic)

Starring: Noor Al Shariff,

Noora, Hussein Fahmi, Mahmood Abdul Aziz

Al Firdous

Angjan (Hindi)

Starring: Shashi Kapoor,

Hema Malini

Fahheel Open-Air

Ghazab (Hindi)

PRAYERS

Al-Fahheel

Nee Allenkil Jaan (Malayalam)

Al Jahra

Commando Leopard

Granada

Running Scared

Sulaiibkhat

One Crazy Summer

Al Jleeb

Naag Purnima (Bengali)

Ahmadi Drive-In

The Great Treasure Hunt

Fair

5.14 am

Zahr 11.46

Asr 2.36 pm

Maghreb 4.55

Isha 6.17

Christmas Greetings

TELEVISION PROGRAMMES

KTV 1

2.15 Holy Quran

2.30 World News via Satellite

3.30 Hakim Al Aqzam: cartoon serial

4.00 News Summary

4.45 La Ilaha Illallah: historical serial; featuring Yusuf Shabaan, Hala Fakher, Raghda

5.30 Mama Anisa and Children

6.00 Documentary: "Soora Min Tabbiya"

7.00 News Summary

7.05 Weekend: repeat

7.35 Quran and Science: hosted by Dr Ahmad Shawki Ibrahim.

8.15 Good Evening and Local News

9.00 News in Arabic

9.50 Ghaddan Tadaq Al Ajras: Arabic serial,

10.50 Qalb Min Zajaj: Arabic play. Part One. Starring: Huda Hussain, Jassim Nabhan, Ahmad Saleh, Ayesha Ibrahim, Ibrahim Harbi.

11.45 News Summary

11.50 World News via Satellite

12.30 Holy Quran/Close down.

KTV 2

6.00 Holy Quran

6.10 Paw Paws: "Tozem Terri-Nation". Cartoons.

6.30 The Animal Express: a visit to the aquarium in Miami.

7.00 Roving Report: roundup of World News

7.30 Webster: "Chained"

starring: Salah Saadah, Hina Tharwat

10.50 Qalb Min Zajaj:

Arabic play. Part One. Starring: Huda Hussain, Jassim Nabhan, Ahmad Saleh, Ayesha Ibrahim, Ibrahim Harbi.

11.45 News Summary

11.50 World News via Satellite

12.30 Holy Quran/Close down.

Webster tried to break the curse of "Chain Letters".

8.00 News in English

8.40 American Basketball

10.00 Oddie in Paradise: a look at birds and wildlife in New Guinea.

10.30 Adderly: "Adderly with Eggroll". Tonight, Adderly's assignment is to protect a deposed queen and her pets — the dogs. Everything that can go wrong goes wrong before Adderly becomes a hero again.

11.30 News Summary/Magazine D'Actualite/Closedown.

Please note that programmes and timings are liable to change without notice.

RADIO PROGRAMMES

English

Morning

08.00 Opening

08.30-08.40 News

08.45 Songs and Music

08.55 Science Journal

08.20 Songs and Music

08.30 News

08.45 Songs and Music

08.45 Daily Programme

09.00 Songs and Music

09.15 Writers and their Works

09.30 Radio Magazine Supplement

10.00 Our Press Today

10.05 Songs and Music

11.00 Closedown

12.30 News on the FM Service.

21.00 Opening

21.15 Songs and Bites

21.20 News

21.45 Point of View

21.55 Songs and Music

22.00 Facts about Zionism

22.15 Magazine Special

22.45 Daily Programme

23.00 Poll Mall

24.00 Closedown

FM Services

08.00-08.30 Easy Listening

08.30-08.40 News

08.45-09.00 Easy Listening

10.00-10.30 Songs and Music

13.00-13.30 Easy Listening

13.30-13.40 News

13.40-14.00 Easy Listening

14.00-16.00 Classical Music

16.00-17.00 Easy Listening

17.00-19.00 Pop

19.00-20.00 Heller Skelter

20.00-21.30 Pop

EDITORIALS

ARAB TIMES

Thought for today

LIBERTY means responsibility. That is why most men dread it — George Bernard Shaw, Irish-born writer (1856-1950).

OPINION

Time to restore the lost land

THE US President did everything in his power to see that human rights were not violated in Afghanistan, and being Muslims, we thank him for this, although we recognise that such a stand was motivated by the dispute between the US and the Soviets.

But we really wish that President Reagan, who was pleased after signing the treaty with the Soviets to protect the lives of the West Europeans, would look objectively at what is being done in the Arab occupied territories and see the ugliness of the Israeli occupation and the brutality of the Israeli Army.

We want this brutality to continue since it has been the case throughout history that the greed of the Jews became their killer. Wherever they went, their domination reached the extent of sucking the people's blood and the Jews paid a heavy price for their greed. We want more greed and brutality in the occupied territories because this is the way to the Israeli's end.

We wish that the US President, who holds world power in his hands and speaks of peace during the Christmas holidays, would spend Christmas or New Year's night in the occupied territories and just see the brutality of the occupation forces against the Palestinian people. Of course, we do not want President Reagan to ask Israel to change its attitude, but we would rather urge him to ask Israelis to increase their oppression and tyranny and kill more of our children, as this alone will add more strength and force to our revolution.

The true revolution is not that of elegant shirts and French suits with Cuban cigars. This is not a revolution but the misuse of revolution. There are some who eat chicken and others who go to bed hungry. Those who are hungry have acted, and I think it will be very difficult to stop them, unless they believe in a new lie from world diplomatic figures.

Israel today is living through real terrorism which they used in 1948 when they stole the Palestinians' land from them. It is time now for the Palestinians to frighten the Israelis and have their land restored to them. Those lost rights will not be restored from outside of Palestine where thousands of liberation fronts have formed including the Abu Faleh, Abu Saleh, Abu Mousa and even the Umm Mousa fronts, with reports such as "the Abu Saleh front killed 20 from the Abu Faleh front."

But now all Palestinians are united in one front against the enemy; with real weapons: stones and blood. More arms could be made available with the intensification of the uprising, but those who eat peanuts and drink Black Label liberate nothing except their minds, after stealing millions, which they took by force.

Ahmed Al Jarallah

Administering careful doses of decentralisation

Vietnam leader shakes bureaucracy

By Paul Wedel

HO CHI MINH CITY, Vietnam (UPI): When Vietnam's new Communist Party leader took power a year ago he promised "vigorous renovation in leadership," but warned "the road lying before us is fraught with difficulties."

He has been right on both scores.

Since taking power on Dec. 18, 1986, the short, stocky Nguyen Van Linh, called "our little Gorbachev" by some Vietnamese, has taken the stifling bureaucracy of his party and government and shaken it vigorously.

Like Soviet party leader Mikhail Gorbachev, Linh has tried to make the socialist system work better by administering careful doses of decentralisation, private enterprise and open criticism.

Less than two months after his election as general secretary, Linh supervised a cabinet shakeup that dropped ministers out of every single ministry related to the faltering economy.

He began listening to the advice of Nguyen Xuan Oanh, a Harvard-trained economist who once served briefly as deputy prime minister of South Vietnam.

"He (Linh) is an old man with young ideas," Oanh said of the 72-year-old, steel-gray-haired leader.

Linh was dropped from the ruling politburo in 1982, but made an unusual comeback in 1985 after serving as party leader in southern Vietnam.

The party chief and a coterie of like-minded top officials proclaimed a series of reforms that were supposed to provide more incentives for workers, more decision-making power for executives and the first official sanction for small-scale private businesses.

In April the party conducted national assembly elections considered the most democratic polls ever held by the Vietnamese

communists. For the first time many constituencies had more than one name on the ballot.

At the same time thousands of officials were expelled from the Communist Party for inefficiency, corruption, embezzlement, and "decadent living."

Most of those purged were quietly pensioned off, but a newly aggressive press highlighted the trials and convictions of senior officials in an apparent effort to regain lost public confidence in the party.

Linh was not satisfied, however, and in May, "unbearably itching to write," started his own much-ranking column titled "Things that must be done immediately."

The front page column in the Communist Party newspaper Nhan Dan became the talk of the country by naming names and giving details of misdeeds past governments have dealt with quietly if at all.

Linh's column attacked inefficiency that allowed thousands of tons of garlic to rot, red tape that quadrupled the price of aviation fuel, expensive foreign cars for official use, and abuse of power by a special senior official.

He even wrote about a sex scandal involving a tax official.

In one column Linh complained of "the huge inertia created by the outmoded concepts and the horrible conservatism in our work style."

Resisting

Analysts in Bangkok said the sharpness of the column indicated Linh's frustration with an entrenched bureaucracy that was quiet but stubbornly resisting his reforms.

Linh said that after the appearance of his first articles "some comrades advised me to stop writing them before the stage was reached when the articles were not welcomed."

"Evidently I have stirred up some displeasure," he said. "Some charged that 'criticism and self-criticism has only confused the people and hampered the work of leading cadres.'

Ten major news reports

Superpower summit heads list of 1987's top stories

By Paul Alexander

NEW YORK, (AP): The US-Soviet summit, which included the signing of an agreement to eliminate intermediate-range nuclear weapons, was the top news story of 1987, according to editors on six continents polled by the Associated Press.

The third meeting between US President Ronald Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev easily outpolled such other major stories as the declines in the US dollar and the world's financial markets; the Soviet Union's social and economic reforms; and the long-simmering Gulf war between Iran and Iraq.

Gorbachev's first visit to the United States earned 74 first-place votes from the 119 ballots cast. Participants in the poll were newspaper, radio, television and news agency editors in 44 countries, excluding the United States.

The editors were asked to list

what they viewed as the top 10 stories of 1985. Based on 10 points for each first-place vote to one point for each story rated in 10th place, the summit earned 1,046 points.

The first Reagan-Gorbachev meeting, in Geneva, was voted the top news story of 1985, while their second meeting, in Iceland, was 1986's No. 2 story, after the disaster at the Chernobyl nuclear plant in the Soviet Union.

In second place this year, with 18 first-place votes and 847 points, was the Oct. 20 record decline on Wall Street that accompanied the rapid fall of the dollar and major declines in other financial markets.

Reform

The Soviet reform campaigns — known as glasnost for more openness in Soviet society and perestroika for economic revamping — were 1987's third-ranked story, garnering 13 first-place votes and 652 points.

In fourth place, with three first-place votes and 647 points,

was the 7-year-old Gulf war.

The fifth-rated story, with two first-place votes, was the continuing spread of AIDS.

The probe into the secret sale of US arms to Iran and the diversion of profits to the US-backed Contra rebels in Nicaragua was the No. 6 story, with one first-place vote and 372 points.

In seventh place, with two first-place votes and 329 points, was the May 28 flight of teen-age West German pilot Mathias Rust to Moscow's Red Square that led to a shakeup in the Soviet defence hierarchy. The story received most of its votes from European subscribers.

The Central American Peace Plan, which was designed to end insurrections in Nicaragua, Honduras and Guatemala, was voted the No. 8 story with 240 points.

The sinking of the ferry "Herald of Free Enterprise" off Zeebrugge, Belgium, that left some 180 people dead was the ninth-ranked story with 205 points.

In 10th place, with 178 points mainly from Asian AP subscribers, was Chinese politics, including the crackdown on pro-democracy protests in China and Tibet.

Dead

The next 10 stories, in order of their ranking, were:

- The July 31 clash in Makkah between Saudi security forces and Hajj pilgrims that left at least 400 people dead.

- Protests in South Korea that led President Chun Doo-Hwan to accept democratic reforms, including direct presidential elections.

- The growing problem of Third World debt.

- Continued unrest and coup attempts in the Philippines.

- The Tamil insurgency in Sri Lanka that continued despite an India-brokered peace plan.

- Allegations that Austrian President Kurt Waldheim, a former UN secretary-general, was involved in Nazi war crimes.

- Earthquake

Other stories mentioned on at least five ballots were:

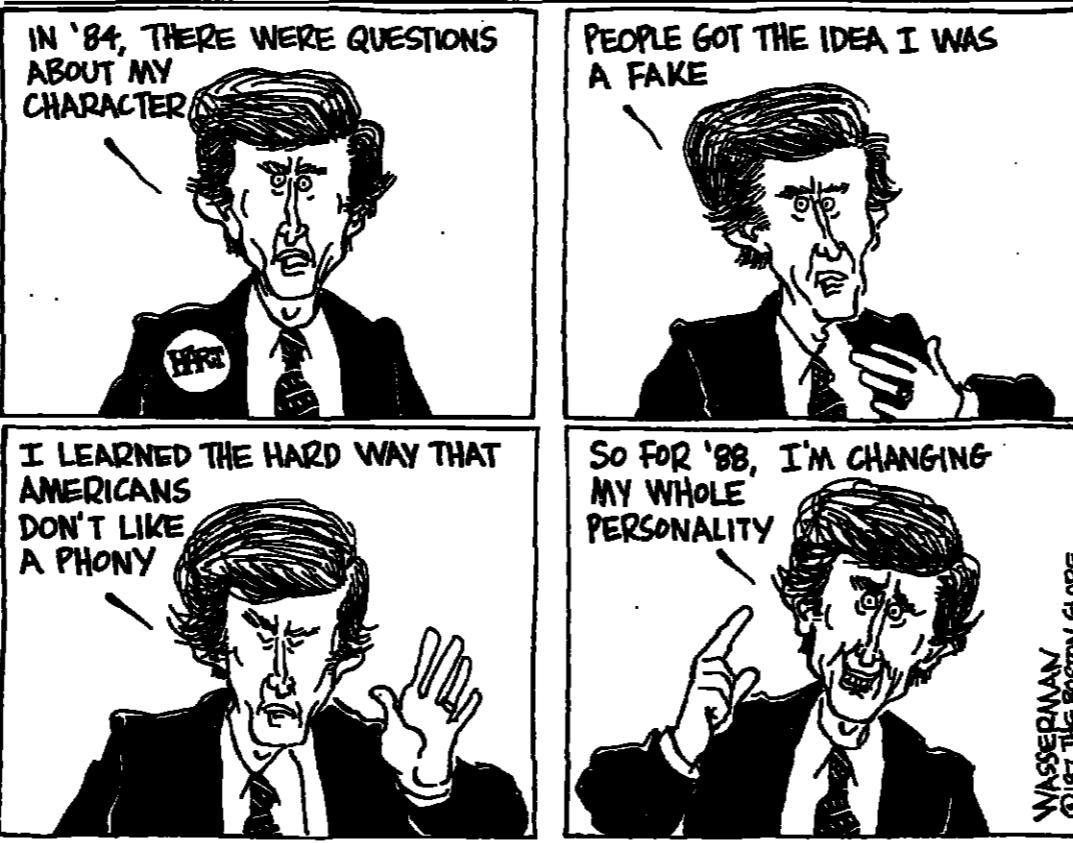
The March 5 Ecuador earthquake that killed 1,000-2,000 people; the Aug. 17 suicide in Berlin of Spandau prison of Hitler's Rudolf Hess; the Chad-Ivory border conflict; Lebanon's ongoing civil war; Mideast

peace efforts; the start of the US presidential race, including the early end of campaigns by Democrats Gary Hart and Joseph Biden.

The Nazi war-crimes trial in France of Klaus Barbie; Pope John Paul II's trips to Europe, Latin America and the United States; the July 18 massacre in Mozambique that left 386 people dead; and the continuing insurgency in Surinam.

Last year, the top 10 stories were: the Chernobyl nuclear power plant accident in the Soviet Ukraine; the US-Soviet summit; the explosion of the US space shuttle Challenger; the civilian-backed military revolt

that swept Corazon Aquino to the Philippine presidency; the Iran-Contra affair; the US bombing raids on military targets in Libya; terrorism; apartheid unrest; AIDS; the rapid decline of world oil prices; and the assassination of Swedish Prime Minister Olof Palme. The last two were tied for 10th.



Gaza unrest dents Israel's world image

By Paul Taylor

TEL AVIV, (Reuters): Israel's world image, partially restored after its 1985 withdrawal from Lebanon, has been badly dented by the latest wave of Palestinian unrest in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, Israeli and foreign diplomats say.

He declared the riots were provoked from abroad by "terror organisations" and accused Washington of appeasing Arab states by criticising Israel's use of force.

Not since the bombing of Beirut in 1982 has world criticism of Israel been so harsh," Foreign Ministry Director-General Yossi Beilin told the Haaretz newspaper.

The killing of at least 14 Palestinian protesters and the wounding of more than 100 by Israeli troops in violent demonstrations have been sharply condemned by most of Israel's closest friends, including the United States.

The global outcry has become headline news in image-con-

sistent Israel, sometimes crowding out accounts of the violence.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir has sought to minimise the unrest, which resembled a general insurrection in Gaza, and shrouded mounting international protests.

He declared the riots were provoked from abroad by "terror organisations" and accused Washington of appeasing Arab states by criticising Israel's use of force.

President Chaim Herzog, who was visiting Britain during the disturbances, was quoted by the British Broadcasting Corporation as calling them insignificant.

Both Shamir and Herzog blamed the media, but a Foreign Ministry spokesman acknowledged on Thursday: "It's not the press coverage that is doing any

damage, but the events are."

The Foreign Ministry has set up a crisis team to pump out information to embassies abroad about the situation, but the spokesman denied press reports of a planned propaganda campaign to restore Israel's image.

Israel has taken more of a battering in the world press and at the United Nations this week than at any time since it invaded Lebanon and bombed West Beirut in 1982 in an attempt to drive PLO commandos out of its war-torn northern neighbour.

Western diplomats said Israel's international standing rose markedly over the last three years due to its withdrawal from most of Lebanon, and to the more conciliatory leadership of Foreign Minister Shimon Peres, the prime minister from 1984 to 1986.

Damage

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damage, but the events are."

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The gap between Israel leaders' explanation of the protests and the reality in the barricaded streets and refugee camps has at times seemed enormous.

Shamir and most cabinet colleagues have not set foot in the occupied territories during the entire unrest.

Peres and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin have remained abroad on trips to Latin America and the United States, giving their views via long-distance radio interviews, despite press demands that they return home.

mit on Tuesday.

"The leaders of the (ASEAN) nations are much more senior than I am. I am glad that I was able to improve mutual understanding with them," he told the news conference. That came as a reply to a question asking for his own assessment of his first foreign performance as premier.

Takeshita's aides and officials accompanying him said he was able to benefit from past stable relations between Japanese premiers and South-East Asian leaders.

Besides, Takeshita arrived in Manila with an unprecedented \$2 billion aid package to boost the private sectors of ASEAN's economies.

Takeshita and his wife, Naoko, braved security concerns in Manila, and was thanked for this by Aquino and other ASEAN leaders.

Under agreements already worked out in the Geneva talks, the United States and Pakistan would stop aiding the guerrillas as soon as a Soviet troop withdrawal begins.

Pakistan and the United States want Soviet troops to pull out rapidly after the guerrillas' arms supplies are cut to ensure that the remaining soldiers do not gain the upper hand on the rebels.

The Soviet Union has an estimated 115,000 troops in Afghanistan. Kremlin forces entered the country in December 1979 to help the Marxist government fight insurgents.

Pakistan, Afghanistan's neighbour, harbours more than 3 million Afghan refugees and the United States provides arms to the insurgents, including the shoulder-fired Stinger anti-aircraft missiles. Refugee camps just inside Pakistan serve as bases and supply points for the guerrillas.

Takeshita gains from low profile

By Eugene Moosa

BRUSSELS, (Reuters): Noboru Takeshita made a successful but low-key debut as Japan's new premier during his trip to Manila.

He emphasised that he was a newcomer on the international stage and displayed none of the self-confident style of his predecessor, Yasuhiro Nakasone.

During his meetings with President Corazon Aquino and other leaders of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations, Takeshita emphasised that he was a newcomer on the international stage and displayed none of the self-confident style of his predecessor, Yasuhiro Nakasone.

Whereas Nakasone was often involved in controversial remarks over Japan's military role, its constitution and the need for nationalism, Takeshita

briefly did away with tricky questions on military revival by resorting to classic replies:

"We have absolutely no intention of reviving the Japan of the past. We will adhere to our peace constitution," Takeshita said in a news conference after talks with Aquino.

Listening

An official report submitted to the ASEAN summit meeting, held for the first time in ten years, pointed out that Japan last year abandoned a ceiling on military spending of one per cent of gross national product.

Takeshita also downplayed what is increasingly seen as Japan's dominant economic role in the region and denied that his country was set on replacing the US presence in South-East Asia.

Politicians and officials say patience and a low profile, coupled with expertise in key domestic affairs and intra-party manoeuvres, earned him much respect in Japan and the job.

"I only have six weeks experience since becoming prime minister. I wish to follow the footsteps of a long administration like yours," Takeshita told Thai Prime Minister Prem Tinsulanonda after the ASEAN summit.

By Michael J. Woods

ELEPHANTS will become extinct in most of Africa by the turn of the century if figures recently published by Iain Douglas-Hamilton in his African Elephant Database Project report for the United Nations Environment Programme are correct. Ironically, the organised slaughter of family groups, as carried out in Zimbabwe, offers some hope for the future.

During the past 15 years, 84 per cent of the elephants have been poached from Kenya's Tsavo National Park, a loss of 35,000 animals from a total of 35,000, while, overall, well over 80 per cent have disappeared from Kenya which has a strict ban on private ivory trading and a concern for preserving its wildlife, if only because of the tourist income it generates.

In some other countries, the situation is even worse with almost no elephants left at all and even in Zimbabwe's Luan-gwa Valley, an area noted for its high elephant population, some scientists calculate from the evidence of a count carried out this year, that nine elephants are being killed every single day.

The poaching of elephants for ivory has been going on for years, certainly since the price of ivory rose substantially in the 1970s when it became profitable for those at the end of the chain to store their gains in controlled conditions as an alternative to gold or diamonds. Indeed it is believed that three quarters of the ivory currently available was obtained illegally in the first instance.

Quite clearly Douglas-Hamilton's figures puts the elephant in peril. Those of us living outside Africa would lose an animal of great beauty and dignity, the largest land mammal which lives in a complex society about which we are still making discoveries.

But more than that, many people consider the elephant to be the touchstone of the national park system in Africa and if an animal as large as this can be allowed to disappear, what hope is there for the rest?

Within the continent itself, of course, many of the countries are heavily populated and their people are suffering from food shortages. To them the national parks are just so much

Rich pickings from ivory intensify poaching activity

Elephants in peril



At least nine elephants are being killed every day in Zimbabwe.



A baby elephant is struck by a hunting spear while the mother mourns.

wasted agricultural land. They can see little connection between their own prosperity and Western tourists who have

come to look at the wildlife and in some cases there is none. No wonder that if there is the chance of a bit of poaching,

especially if there are rich pickings to be had from ivory, there is no shortage of poachers.

The results are well

documented. The family group from which the dead elephant has come is deprived of its leader, for the old matriarch often has the largest tusks and is the selected prize. As elephants pass down from generation to generation wisdom accumulated over many years about their range, neighbouring families, threats to life, the best feeding area, and watering places, this knowledge is lost with the death of the older herd leaders. The social structure begins to collapse as the younger animals struggle to fend for themselves, floundering and dispersing rather than remaining as a cohesive group.

The carcasses of the animals killed by poachers are left to rot. On a continent where protein is in short supply, this is a desperate waste of 2 tonnes of valuable meat and sheets of supple leather.

One alternative, of course, is to cull the elephants as they do in Zimbabwe. Here whole families are slaughtered in a matter of minutes and butchered on the spot, the meat is made into biltong for sale in the cities, the leather is salted and stacked, like boards, until it can be properly tanned, and the tusks accrue to the state. They are often carved within the country both ensuring that their enhanced value goes to the common benefit and increasing local employment.

By this means, the man in the streets of Harare and Bulawayo is actually concerned that elephants should survive and poaching should be prevented. It has been comprehensively established in other areas of Africa that if a species and its habitat are to be conserved, local people must see the benefit to themselves in its continued existence. Cropping of elephants in this way clearly gives them a value above either the pure aesthetics or the scientific interest that only those with full bellies can afford to appreciate.

Before you can afford to cull though, elephant numbers will have to be rebuilt and that means stopping poaching now by re-enforcing and re-equipping game guard services. The recently launched African Ele-Fund is raising money to do just that, not it should be pointed out, to enable elephants to be culled at a later date but to prevent the worst fears expressed in Iain Douglas-Hamilton's report becoming a dreadful reality.

Tanzanian lions on rampage

In Tanzania, lions have been attacking and devouring men, women and children. The attacks are becoming more and more frequent, and the government has resorted to offering a bounty for each lion killed. Paradoxically, human activities — poaching and destruction of the lions' natural habitat — may be the causal factor behind the sudden taste for human flesh.

By Charles Mmbaga

RESIDENTS of the southern Tanzanian district of Tunduru, close to the border with Mozambique, are living in fear.

When a lion roars, the local population — most of whom are peasant farmers — start with fright, for marauding lions have already claimed the lives of over 50 local inhabitants.

Everyday life for the people of Tunduru has become grim. Evening outings and other social activities have become events of the past. People are officially being advised to walk in pairs for their own safety. Those unaccompanied when the sun sets, prefer to run instead of walk, in a desperate bid to escape from any lions that may be stalking them. Husbands are called upon to guard their wives as they conduct domestic activities outside their houses after dark.

Lions, or "simba" as they are known locally, have been attacking human beings in an unprecedented manner over the past few years. During the last 20 months, 54 people in Tunduru town and its surrounding areas have had their lives cut short by the marauding beasts. In May of this year, 10 people, most of them peasants returning from their fields and farms, were savaged to death by lions in and around Tunduru town and nearby villages.

According to Charles Mwankejna, a Tanzania News Agency employee who moved to Tunduru 50 years ago, swears that there are people who "make lions". He says such man-made lions, which are in their thousands in Tunduru, can even come to your house at night and knock on the door, and the moment you open the door, you are gone".

Events such as this have helped to fuel local beliefs that the Tunduru lions are "human-made" and are kept by people who practice witchcraft. Historically, local Tunduru people believe that there are certain individuals who can commission "their lions" to "discipline" any enemies.

Mzee Lukwinda Sigara, a native of Mozambique who moved to Tunduru 50 years ago, swears that there are people who "make lions". He says such man-made lions, which are in their thousands in Tunduru, can even come to your house at night and knock on the door, and the moment you open the door, you are gone".

However, the government is treating these beliefs with the derision they deserve. A mem-

ber of the ruling Chama Cha Mapinduzi (CCM) National Executive Committee, Laurence Mtazama Gama, recently ridiculed the beliefs as unfounded rumours which have no scientific backing.

"There is no such thing as man-made man-eaters", he said.

What then causes the lions of Tunduru to seek human flesh? According to animal experts, man himself may be to blame.

Tunduru district lies in the southern end of the famous Selous Game Reserve and the unprotected northern Mozambican jungles where wild animals were abundant. Widespread poaching in both areas has cleared virtually all the small game, including antelopes, which are the natural prey of lions.

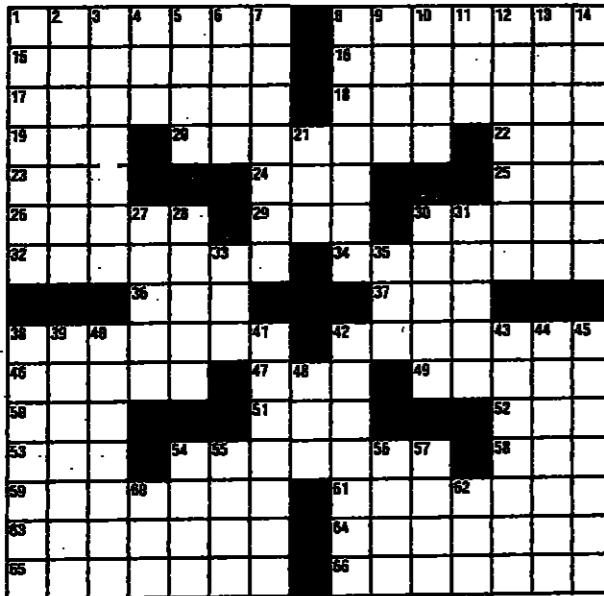
"Poaching, and drought have literally starved the lions of the game", says C. Mlay, of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Tourism. As a result, he says, the lions have been forced to seek alternative food, which happens to be human beings.

In a move to intensify the fight against the lions, about 20 villages plagued by the beasts are to be provided with 50 rounds of ammunition and, according to the Party Secretary-General, Rashid Kawawa, villagers are also to be supplied with explosives.

Legend would have it that once a lion tastes human flesh it will go on hunting for more, even if there are other animals around. And for that reason, only a full-fledged government campaign to eliminate all the Tunduru lions will rescue the local population from their current state of near-terror.

Courtesy: Panos.

TODAY'S CROSSWORD



GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

B. JAY BECKER, 1904-1987

Neither vulnerable. North deals.

NORTH

♦ Void
♥ Q 4
♦ A K Q 8 5
♦ K Q 10 5 3 2

WEST

♦ A K Q 10 8 7 ♠ 9
5 3
♦ 10 7 5
6 ♠ 8

EAST

♦ 10 9 7 ♠ 9
♦ J 6 3 2
♦ J 10 9 7 4
♦ J 9 6

SOUTH

♦ J 6 4 2
♥ A J 9 8
♦ 3 2
♦ A 7 4

The bidding:

North East South West

1 ♠ Pass 1 ♠ 2 ♠

2 ♠ Pass 2 NT Pass

6 ♠ Pass 6 ♠ Pass

6 NT Pass Pass Pass

Opening lead: King of ♣

we have chosen one where he and his partner were the goats—but one which Mr. Becker, as he was known to his friends, would relate with wry humor.

The hand was played during the qualifying rounds of the 1966 World Open Pairs championship, and the hero was Fadi Bustros of Beirut, who held the West cards. When Mr. Becker opened one diamond and his partner responded one heart, Bustros slipped in an innocent two club psychic overcall. It succeeded beyond his wildest dreams.

After Mr. B carefully rebid his diamonds, South's two no trump response made it obvious that West had psyched. So Mr. Becker simply bid what he thought he could make—six clubs! That seemed to thoroughly confuse South, who bid six spades. Bustros was prepared to defend that contract, and although North improved matters somewhat by converting to six no trump, Bustros was equally enchanted with that contract. He did not double, because he did not want to chase his opponents to seven of a minor. As the cards lie, seven clubs can be made. By the time he made the opening lead, Bustros was almost falling off his chair with laughter, and Mr. Becker had a tale that became one of his favorites.

It is not often we meet a modest, humorous, intelligent man. It makes his loss harder to bear.

The ranks of our contemporaries continue to thin. One of the game's all-time greats, B. Jay Becker, died quietly at his home some six weeks ago. As a player, writer and teacher he had few peers. When the American Bridge League named its original 10 Life Masters in 1956, Becker was No. 6.

So much will be written about his skills that there is no need for us to extol him further in this column.

Rather than reprint one of the many fine hands he played over the years,

THE WIZARD OF ID

YOU'RE NOT LEAVING COOKIES FOR SANTA?

DON'T BE SILLY...THAT'S CHILD'S PLAY...

...WHEN YOU'RE SHOOTING FOR HIGHGISTS, IT'S CHAMPAGNE, CAVIAR AND MACADAMIA NUTS!

ID LIKE A PAINT-BY-NUMBERS SET FOR MY HUSBAND.

ANYTHING SPECIAL?

GIFTS

YES, I'LL NEED THE NUMBERS FOR A KITCHEN..AND A SET FOR THE BATHROOM.

GIFTS

By Johnny Hart

YOUR STARS



Aries (March 20 - April 18)

You should try to adopt a steady working pace instead of sudden bursts of activity followed by periods of inaction. Show a little more sympathy towards those less fortunate than you.

Taurus (April 19 - May 19)

You will be able to do something you had long wanted to do. You should keep calm even if the circumstances are rather turbulent. Make sure your partner has nothing to complain about.

Gemini (May 20 - June 20)

You will have a better idea of what needs to be done in the circumstances. You should take special care not to strain your back. Consider carefully before deciding on what to do, but do not waver.



Cancer (June 21 - July 21)

The stellar influences are mixed, but you will be able to deal with a rather complex problem. You should not be too proud to act on good advice and you should not take well-meant criticism personally.

Leo (July 22 - Aug. 21)

You will be rather more nervous and impatient than usual. You should take special care when on the road either driving or walking. Do not try to do things by force. Be temperate.

Virgo (Aug. 22 - Sept. 21)

Mercury's influence will help with that of Mars will help you to do what you set out to do. A small injury should be treated, but you should not think you are a total invalid.

Sagittarius (Nov. 22 - Dec. 21)

Mercury's influence will help you to achieve and maintain harmony. You should try to take it a little more easily: are you getting enough rest? You will be rather too inclined to jump to conclusions.

Libra (Sept. 22 - Oct. 22)

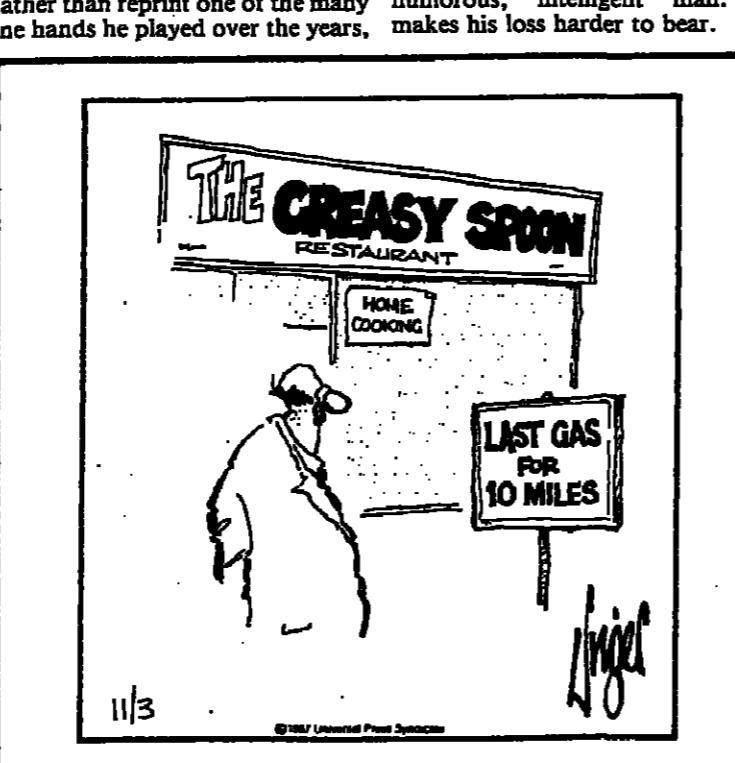
You should take care to avoid allowing yourself to be distracted. You should be on the lookout for those who are trying to deceive you. However no need to suspect that everyone is plotting against you.

Scorpio (Oct. 23 - Nov. 21)

The Moon's influence together with that of Mars will help you to do what you set out to do. A small injury should be treated, but you should not think you are a total invalid.

Pisces (Feb. 19 - March 19)

You should beware of exaggerating nor should you say the first thing that comes to your head. Try not to permit yourself to be distracted. You will be more amenable to change. Be respectful.



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Grandmother makes success of a job traditionally reserved for men

By Hattie Clark

ELLETTSVILLE, Ind. — Joyce Harmon is a mom and grandma who, when day is done, looks as if she'd tumbled into a flour bin. But she has not tarts or cakes to show for her work.

Instead, she has a spectacular piece of limestone carving. Each workday, Mrs. Harmon's pneumatic gouge scatters showers of limestone snow as she carves scrolls and rosettes on slabs of stone, and by quitting time, all five feet of her is powdered white.

Among her recent sculpting credits are five restoration pieces for the nation's Capitol in Washington, D.C. — an example of the rising restoration consciousness that has blessed the limestone business with a renaissance.

Harmon is employed at the Bybee Stone Company Ellettsville, Ind., situated along one of the richest and most accessible lodes in the world. Here is a job usually reserved for men; not because the work is too strenuous for women, but because inhabitants of this farm and quarry country generally follow the traditional male-female job divisions. If Har-

mon chose to stick strictly to that code, she'd know only the dust scared up by a broom.

But that's no longer the calling for this mother, who did her share of homemaking when she raised six children in Texas. Now she works with Bybee's carving crew. From the carvers' quarters, she can look out into the cavernous mill, where limestone is stacked like a titan's toy blocks.

Using giant saws, cutters slice the 10- to 20-ton blocks to architects' specifications. Those to be embellished are carted to the carvers. Those left plain are transported nationwide to predetermined projects.

Cutters and carvers aren't the same, although now and then a body with brawn and artistic talent can walk a bridge between the two jobs. In short, cutters tailor the limestone, while carvers add the froufrout. Popularized by the 1979 movie "Breaking Away," cutters are a culture unto themselves: craftsmen who need a steady hand and a keen eye to accomplish the straight and geometric cutting. Competition often stirs within these skilled ranks to see who can cut the most, the best.

Harmon labels limestone carving "a new lifetime adventure." And so it is. At home, she's working on seven panels, four feet tall, that will form a wall depicting in relief the Bible's book of Revelation. For-

It's the carving aspect, however, that demands the creative touch. And Harmon, a 10th-grade dropout, had no idea until 11 years ago that she harbored this artistic bent. Her switch from home to career began when "one day, I just happened on a bicycle and went down and took the GED," she says, referring to the General Educational Development exam, equivalent to a high school diploma.

From there, it was a short step to San Jacinto college in Pasadena, Tex., where she took sculpture, working in marble, unaware that before long she'd be carving marble's kin, limestone, and earning a living at it. (When limestone undergoes extreme heat and pressure in the earth's interior, it's transformed into marble, a metamorphic rock that's more compact and crystalline.) Harmon apprenticed in limestone carving at a Texas mill and graduated cum laude from the University of Houston in 1980.

"The pattern just gets it on the limestone. The variance comes in detail and depth," says Leisz, explaining that there's much room for interpretation in carving.

"You take the leaves, for instance," he says. "Now Henry (Morris), he likes his leaves to roll real deep, like a spoon." So how does Leisz like his leaves? "Well, I like 'em just the way Henry likes 'em," he says, laughing — because Henry Morris is a master carver and head carver at Bybee. And an exacting boss, says Leisz.

Leisz started as a cutter right out of high school, then was

tunately, her husband, Ben Harmon, knows how to help with the heavy work on the panels, because he's been around stone mills all his life. He now operates an overhead crane at Bybee.

On warm spring days the Bybee carvers' quarters stay cool, and the mill's dogs nap, oblivious to the saws that sing a bzzzz and brrrr. Harmon, working from a blueprint, transfers a pattern onto her limestone block, which rests squarely on sawhorses. Down the way, Bybee's youngest carver, 25-year-old Jeff Leisz, stops to watch.

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Bybee Stone completed its job on the nation's Capitol last February. The \$3 million con-

tract called for replacing crumbling sandstone with Indiana limestone along 700 feet of entablature on the Capitol's West Front, plus the cornice on top of the building.

Three types of sandstone were used in the Capitol's original construction, with the softest going into the carved entablature, according to Wilbur Bybee, who owns and operates both the Bybee mill and the adjacent quarry along with his four sons.

"George Washington's family owned the quarry that sold the sandstone for the Capitol," he says. The entablature was simply "melting away" after more than 160 years of wear. "There were 28 coats of paint on it. That's what was holding it together," he explains.

As of late, the Bybee mill has been humming. Whenever you take a trip to Washington, D.C., browse through the Smithsonian Institution's new African and Oriental pavilions: Those interior walls are right out of the Bybee quarry. So are the towers — still in process — on Washington's National Cathedral.

Bybee Stone completed its job on the nation's Capitol last February. The \$3 million con-



Bybee carver Joyce Harmon works on a detail of a wall depicting the book of revelation.

By Raymond Gijzen

DEN BOSCH, Netherlands (Reuters): An exhibition of early work by the 19th-century Dutch painter Vincent Van Gogh highlights the surprisingly sombre start to the career of an artist now famous for spectacular burst of colour.

Gloomy portraits of Dutch farmers and artisans in cramped quarters and landscapes under grey skies, made at the start of his career as a painter in the early 1880s, are now on display for the first time in Brabant, the southern Dutch province where he was born.

These dismal early works contrast sharply with the cheerful colours of Van Gogh's best known paintings, done only several years later.

Vivid

His vivid study of irises, made in a southern French mental asylum shortly before his death in 1890, was sold at auction for a record 93.9 million dollars, breaking a previous record set in March by one of his sunflower studies.

The exhibition at the Noord Brabants museum brings together 102 works from European and American collections. It is one of a series of international exhibitions looking at specific phases in Van Gogh's brief but explosive career as a painter, museum director Margreet Van Boven said.

In recent years, a Hague gallery focused on Van Gogh's stay in the city, while two shows in New York concentrated on the last years of his life in Southern France. Next year, Paris' Musee D'Orsay will stage an exhibition of his time in Paris.

"We fit in nicely with this exhibition," Van Boven said.

"In his native Brabant, Van Gogh made the transition from a failed preacher and art dealer to a self-conscious and confident artist," she said, noting Van Gogh started to draw and paint only 10 years before he committed suicide in 1890.

"Almost every single year represents a separate phase ... he developed extremely fast," Van Boven said.



Viewers admire an early work of Van Gogh at an exhibition in his native town of Brabant.

needed an entire lifetime, he took only a few years and pushed the development of art forward by two generations."

"His first portrayals were clumsy but they express the confidence that at last he knew what he wanted to do," Van Boven said.

"In Brabant, he also realised he did not want to be an academic painter and be technically perfect. He wanted to be more daring and this makes him a pioneer of expressionism."

The highlight of the Brabant exhibition, in an elegantly restored 18th-century mansion, is a group portrait which he made in Nuenen in 1885 of a farmer's family eating potatoes.

Van Gogh made several studies before painting the final version from memory to produce his characteristic distorted faces in a moody colour scheme reminiscent of the earth from which the potatoes came.

Three paintings from his Southern French period are included here to bring out the contrast with his early work.

depict the rural life and the themes he developed in the two small villages of Etten and Nuenen in the early 1880s would stay with him for the remainder of his short life, Van Boven said.

But if reactions from some visitors at the exhibition here are anything to go by, it is unlikely the unhappy Van Gogh — who hardly sold any of his work during his lifetime — would even have become famous for his Dutch work.

The colour is the difference," said Van Boven, who spent more than three years putting the exhibition together.

While some of Van Gogh's later Dutch work already brightens up, it was only in Southern France that he produced the burst of colour which are now fetching record prices.

Three paintings from his Southern French period are included here to bring out the contrast with his early work.

work.

"Art normally is limited to a very specific group of people, but by vending it in public places you reach the public."

"It's like a cross between Joseph Cornell and the classic Wurlitzer Jukebox, or maybe Marcel Duchamp with a slot machine."

For the unenlightened, Cornell produced shadow box sculpture of found objects while Duchamp was an avant-garde painter.

The titles on the doors offer the category of objects to be dispensed from them, and the titles change once a month.

A door labeled "sin" dispensed sculptured foam objects with one name written on it. "Letters to Ollie" consisted of nine letters of outrage, addressed

to Oliver North's lawyer, Brendan Sullivan. One consisted of shredded paper in an envelope. The "dada" door offered a series of found objects.

Other offerings from Vend d'art have included a miniature book, an original score that could be folded into a 3-d box, and, from "feel-o-mat," a piece of rubber matting topped with bunny fur.

"I furnish about a third of the work coming out of the machines now and I've had 80 guest artists to date," Lindquist said. "It depends on the artist what comes out of the machine. Some of them are fine arts or commercial artists, but others are writers or musicians or gallerists."

Coming up is a new door labeled "donation", which will vend a picture of a homeless person and a message that the money spent will be donated to the homeless.

The poet Andrei Voznesensky said the museum was to open in Chagall's boyhood home, which had been miraculously spared when Vitebsk was almost entirely razed during World War Two.

The weekly Ogonyok also mentioned the plans but

By Juliette Rouillon

PARIS, Reuter: French artist Catherine de Lucas is aware that her works, incorporating the ashes of dead people or pets, are not to everyone's taste.

"I offer a ritual which you can take or leave. Everybody does not necessarily want to end up in an urn of ashes or rot in a coffin," the pale, blonde artist said in an interview.

"I myself would like to end my days stuck on a painting," said De Lucas, 23, who has been criticised as morbid or obsessive by some visitors to her studio in the elegant 17th century Marais district of Paris.

But she believes her fragile works on parchment and canvas are a way of honouring the dead.

About the size of an average portrait, the abstract works are scattered with ashes and daubed with muted blotches of white, black and grey oil paint. Some have gold thread running through them.

"Very large formats are inappropriate. The paintings must be present but not omnipresent. And bright colours or figurative forms are in bad taste," said De Lucas.

"My canvases symbolise people, represent them. They surround you like a dead person's favourite music or clothes ... they are just like mortuary relics, but taken out of their religious context," she said.

"It's the same thing for animal remains. People entrust you with a being dear to them. Without me, old people whose only friend was their pet would have no choice but to have their animal stuffed."

French ethnologist Louis-Vincent Thomas, who has written several books about death rituals, approves of her work.

"While controls on the disposal of corpses are very strict for obvious reasons of hygiene,

Is this art or just bad taste?

Human ashes on canvas



French artist Catherine de Lucas, sets human ashes onto pieces of canvas and parchment to keep the memory of the dead close to the living.

there are practically no legal restrictions on what you can do with a relative's ashes," she said.

He added he would not mind entrusting his remains to De Lucas, "except that I would like a painting with my ashes to look like an impressionist style painting, with pastel colours and water images like those used by Monet."

De Lucas plans to exhibit her work in Paris at the end of the year to an invited audience, but none of the paintings will be for sale.

"You can't sell your mother," she said.

She has used the ashes of about 10 people or pets in paintings so far, but says she has not accepted money. She began her work after the death of several close relatives.

Asked how much she would charge if the idea took off as a full-time business, she replied:

"I've never thought in terms of prices so far. But my paintings would certainly be a rich person's way to go, costing more than the 800 francs

(1,333 dollars) people spend on an ordinary, no-frills, cremation."

One picture can take months to complete.

"I hold off starting something if it doesn't feel right because ashes are not something you can spoil by a mistake," she said.

"First I talk with those close to the victim to extract a person's essence. Sometimes you have to wait months until you're ready — until, as it were, the ashes are cold."

Buying art from vending machines

By Joan Hanauer

NEW YORK (UPI): You can buy almost anything from a vending machine these days — even art.

No, Rembrandt never worked in the medium, but artist Ona Lindquist does, and so do the artists and others who contribute to her Objets Vend'art, a set of former ice cream dispensers that have been transported to a higher cultural plane and given a new coat of white paint.

The first objet Vend'art machine appeared in an exhibition at the Thorpe Intermedia gallery at Sparkill, New York, in February 1981.

The machines currently can be found in New York at Quad cinema, the Tunnel, a trendy dance club, and will soon be at the Lone Star cafe.

Vend'art machines also are at the Club Rio in Atlanta, Forma in San Francisco, and RTW in Charleston, South Carolina.

The machines themselves are

A set of former ice cream dispensers have been given a new coat of white paint and transported to a higher cultural plane. You insert your money, and out comes a work of art!

sed and ready to mail to Oliver North's lawyer, Brendan Sullivan. One consisted of shredded paper in an envelope. The "dada" door offered a series of found objects.

Other offerings from Vend d'art have included a miniature book, an original score that could be folded into a 3-d box, and, from "feel-o-mat," a piece of rubber matting topped with bunny fur.

"I furnish about a third of the work coming out of the machines now and I've had 80 guest artists to date," Lindquist said. "It depends on the artist what comes out of the machine. Some of them are fine arts or commercial artists, but others are writers or musicians or gallerists."

Coming up is a new door labeled "donation", which will vend a picture of a homeless person and a message that the money spent will be donated to the homeless.

The poet Andrei Voznesensky said the museum was to open in Chagall's boyhood home, which had been miraculously spared when Vitebsk was almost entirely razed during World War Two.

The weekly Ogonyok also mentioned the plans but

sources in artistic circles say nothing is settled to date.

Chagall, who died in his adoptive Southern French home of St-Paul-de-Vence in March 1985, refused to visit Vitebsk when he returned to the Soviet Union for a smaller exhibit of his work in 1973. The town lies just inside Soviet Belarus.

Experimenting with cubism and other abstract techniques, he nonetheless retained the images of Vitebsk in the works he executed after his departure.

In his surrealistic renderings, cows took flight, a fiddler performed on the roofs of ghetto homes, and Jewish rabbis, Russian Orthodox church domes, floating lovers and circus acrobats all mingled in a joyous explosion of colour.

Appreciation
Chagall designed theatre sets and had paintings commissioned in Moscow before leaving definitively in 1922.

Official Soviet appreciation of his work faded, however, when realism was proclaimed the only correct form of art under Kremlin dictator Josef Stalin in the 1930s.

Amputations may become a thing of the past

Knee transplant has great potential

PHILADELPHIA, (NYT): The first successful transplant of an entire human knee has been announced by the Hospital of the University of Pennsylvania.

The complex operation was done to save the leg of a woman, aged 32, who had developed a potentially malignant tumour on her knee the size of a grapefruit.

Without the surgery, she faced the amputation of most of her right leg because the fast-growing tumour had destroyed bone and was encroaching on vital nerves and arteries.

Dr Richard Schmidt, the orthopaedic surgeon who performed the complex operation on September 30, said the procedure had the potential to save the legs of hundreds of patients each year. The knee, moreover, is the largest and most complex of the body's joints, and the technical advances that have made the surgery possible may also facilitate transplants of other joints.

Dr Schmidt said he expected the patient, Mrs Susan Lazarick of Absecon, New Jersey, to regain close to normal use of the leg within two or three months. She should be able to walk without a cane or crutches, and be able to swim, ride a bicycle or dance at least slow steps. But he said she should not try contact sports, or such heavy exertions as skiing.

Donor

The donor was an 18-year-old man who died in a motorcycle accident a week before the transplant operation. Dr Schmidt noted that the operation required the close co-operation of the bone bank operated by the university.

The surgeon said Mrs Lazarick had few options, the most obvious of which was removal of most of her leg. As an alternative, an artificial substitute for the knee could have been produced, but there was not much time in which to fit this to her and, Dr Schmidt said, it would have been only a temporary expedient because the artificial joints typically are expected to last only several years. Or she could have had a rigid support, which would have left her with a permanently stiff leg.

Miss Nancy Tolin, an oncology nurse specialist who is co-ordinator of bone bank distribution, said the operation took about seven hours. The most difficult part was removal of the tumour, which had to be done with extreme care to avoid damaging vital nerves and arteries.

After removal of the tumour, the surgeon removed the patient's knee joint and replaced it with the donor's, including the adjoining bones.



Dr Richard Schmidt, the surgeon who performed the seven-hour operation.

Mrs Susan Lazarick, the first person to have a successful knee transplant.

tendons and ligaments. When the new knee joint was installed, the surgeon had to re-attach a dozen ligaments and tendons.

A metal rod was inserted in the femur to connect it to the transplant. A plate was attached to the tibia, the larger lower leg bone, to secure it to the lower portion of the transplant bone structure.

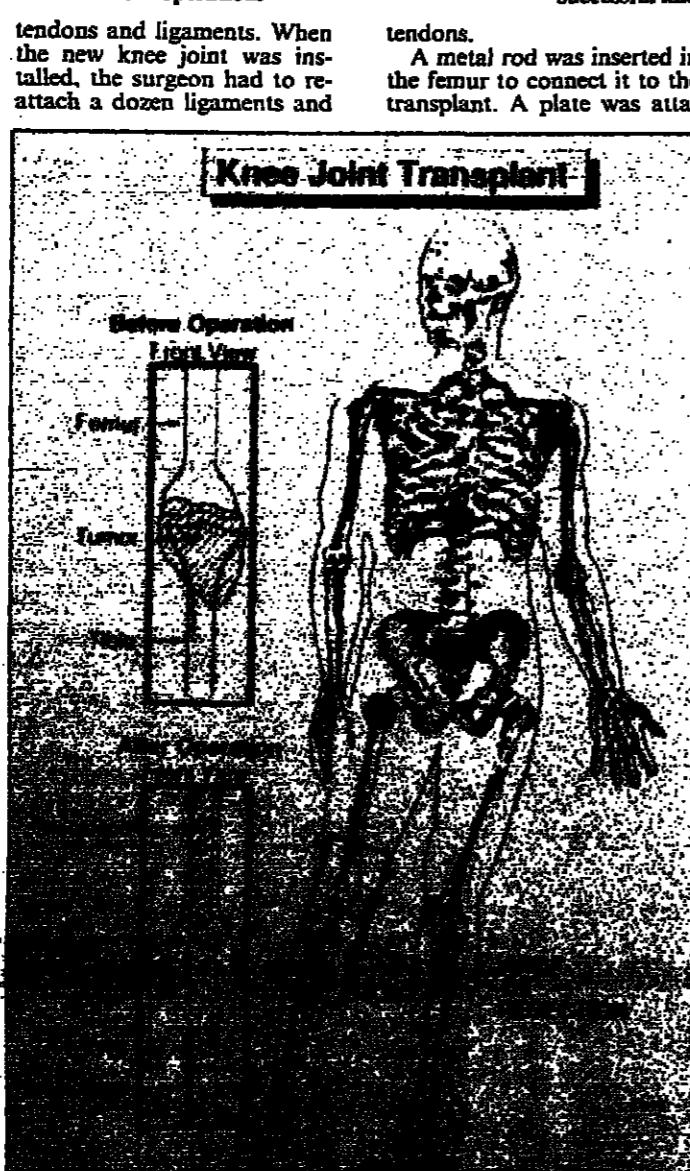
The portion of bone transplanted was about 16 inches long. It included part of the femur, the top six inches of the tibia and the head of the fibula, the other bone of the lower leg. The transplant included the kneecap, the interior cartilage of the knee joint and the half dozen important ligaments that hold the bones of the joint together.

The size of the knee had to be an extremely close match. The process of preparing the joint for a transplant made it impossible to save the synovial fluid, which cushions and lubricates the knee, Dr Schmidt said. The patient's body is expected to replace this fluid to some extent, but her knee will not be quite comparable to what it was before her operation.

Furthermore, the surgeon said, some of the nerves to the knee joint itself have been lost. For that reason, she will have to exercise care because she will not be able to count on pain to signal every excessive twist or turn.

In other transplants one of the serious problems is protection against rejection because the body's immune system attacks the transplant as foreign tissue. Although this can happen in transplants of bone, Dr Schmidt said, it is much less likely than in transplants of the other tissues.

After the knee was removed from the donor in September, it was stripped of all tissue other than the bones and the attached ligaments and was stored at the bone bank at minus 80 degrees centigrade.



The procedure developed by Dr Richard Schmidt of the University of Pennsylvania's orthopaedics department, involves the removal of six inches of bone on either side of the knee and its replacement by a donor knee-joint.

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BUSINESS & FINANCE

Opec tribunal adjourns pipeline case

A CASE brought by Iraq against Syria for its 1982 closure of an Iraqi oil pipeline has been adjourned until next April by a judicial tribunal of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec).

The Kuwait news agency Kuna said Iraqi and Syrian lawyers presented their positions at a hearing yesterday.

Syria shut the pipeline, which links Iraq's Kirkuk oilfields with the Mediterranean port of Banias, after political relations between the rival socialist states soured.

Iraq claims the closure violated a 1979 contract under which it agreed to pay Syria a transit fee in exchange for the transport of 10 million tons of crude oil annually through the pipeline.

Jurisdiction

The president of Syria's Supreme Constitutional Court, Nasrat Haidar, told the tribunal the matter was a political one outside its jurisdiction.

"The halt in passage of Iraqi oil through Syrian territory is a temporary step until the end of political conflicts between the two countries," Kuna quoted him as saying.

The pipeline closure prompted Iraq to build new pipelines through Turkey and Saudi Arabia to export its oil after its main Gulf terminal was shut by the Iran-Iraq war.

Haidar said he hoped the case would be dropped soon, adding "the prevailing political winds between the two countries suggest this."

Syria and Iraq improved relations following a meeting last month between their two presidents during the Amman Arab summit.

The tribunal was formed in 1981 to adjudicate disputes between Opec members—Algeria, Bahrain, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Tunisia and the United Arab Emirates.

Irrigation project to provide 1.6m jobs

ANKARA, Dec 20, (Reuter): A project to irrigate large swathes of southeastern Turkey and generate electricity will provide up to 1.6 million jobs when completed in the early 1990s, a university study said.

The Great Anatolian Project, based on the Ataturk dam across the Euphrates River, will irrigate areas north of the Syrian border and provide up to a fifth of Turkey's electricity needs.

A study prepared by Cukurova University in the southern city of Adana said the project would create jobs mainly in the technical and agricultural fields.

It would also help to develop the southeast, scene of a Kurdish rebel insurgency which has claimed more than 800 lives since mid-1984.

Prime Minister Turgut Ozal gave assurances in Damascus in July on the amounts of water Syria would receive from the Euphrates when the dam was built. Syria had sought guarantees that water flows across the border would not be affected.

Italy hopes to cut its lira down to size

ROME, Dec 20, (Reuter): Italy hopes to cut its currency down to size next year and banish some of the multiple noughts which mean that an average salary is around one million lira (\$833) a month.

Treasury Minister Giuliano Amato said today that in 1988 the government would try once again to bring in a new lira worth 1,000 times more than the existing currency.

He said on Italian radio that he hoped economic conditions would be right for the move.

The government approved draft laws for the new lira last year, hoping to boost the Italian economy as well as the currency's image.

The draft expired before reaching parliament because the legislature was dissolved early and national elections were called because of a long-running political crisis.

The lira's multiple noughts are a headache for accountants, frequently over-running the capacity of calculators.

Prime Minister Giovanni Goria was one of the key backers of the new lira last time it was proposed. He was Treasury minister at the time.

Delegation explores potential investment opportunities

KIIC seeks to boost trade with Portugal

THE Chairman of Kuwait International Investment Company (KIIC) Jassim Al Bahar has announced that the company will be a founding shareholder of a new investment company in Portugal, EFISA. Other founding shareholders include the British merchant banking group, S.G. Warburg, and the Sonae Group, one of the leading Portuguese conglomerates. The head office of the proposed company will be in Oporto, northern Portugal, with an office in Lisbon. The company will be involved in financial services and products, dealing in Portuguese and foreign financial markets.

This development follows a visit of a KIIC delegation to the UK and Portugal last month to explore potential investment opportunities in Portugal. The delegation was headed by the chairman and included Fuad Al Shehab, Assistant General Manager for Investment, and Dr. Imad Moosa, Economic Research Manager.

The delegation met the Chairman of Warburg, Sir David Scholey in London to discuss matters related to the proposed company. It is noteworthy that Warburg is a leading British merchant bank, with total assets of £12.5 billion and a profit of £76.8 million in the six months ending in September.

In Portugal, the delegation visited a number of projects as well as financial groups and government institutions. The

team also met Portuguese Minister of Industry Luis Amaral, the Deputy Minister Antonio De Sousa, the Vice-Governor of the Central Bank Dr Walter Marques, as well as officials in the Foreign Investment Institute, including the Director Mrs Maria Da Silva and the Board Member Dr Manuel De Dousa. They discussed economic and legal aspects of investing in Portugal. The delegation also met a number of leading business and financial officials for the same purpose.

Profits

A meeting was held with the president of the Sonae Group, Belmiro Azevedo, to discuss the formalities of establishing the

new investment company. The Sonae Group, which is the majority shareholder in the new company, is the largest private company in Portugal. In the latest financial year this group recorded a total profit of \$120 million.

In a new strategic move, Portugal has been identified by KIIC as an attractive investment outlet. This is because the Portuguese economy is moving through different cycles from those of the major industrial countries.

Since 1985, Portugal has achieved higher economic growth rates than other industrial countries, and it is expected that the Portuguese economy will grow at 4.5 per cent next year.

Japanese using their extra cash to snap up prime properties

Cheap dollar attracts foreign investment in US

WASHINGTON, Dec 20, (Reuter): Washington is falling into foreign hands as the cheap dollar makes it possible for overseas investors to invade the real estate market and snap up commercial properties at bargain prices.

Foreign investors now own about 25 per cent of the 53 million square feet (4.7 million square metres) of the office space in America's capital.

Economists expect that to rise.

"In the last few years since the dollar has dropped, these properties have become a lot more attractive," said John Tuccillo, chief economist at the National Association of Realtors.

Foreigners also believe they can earn higher returns on US

properties than on investments at home, he said.

Washington is not alone in attracting foreign money. A study by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology said US cities on both coasts were attracting overseas buyers and that foreigners owned about 53 per cent of Los Angeles' office space.

But the trend seems to be unique to coastal cities.

"You're not going to see any noticeable presence in the heartland," Tuccillo told Reuters.

European investors are the largest holders of Washington real estate, but the Japanese presence has grown substantially in the past three years, the MIS study said.

The British, Dutch, Canadians, Germans and Saudis all hold investment in Washington

and the Japanese are using their extra cash to snap up prime properties, it said.

Most of the foreign investment in Washington and Los Angeles is concentrated in city centres. The study said foreigners felt more comfortable with investments in the downtown business district than in the suburbs.

Tuccillo and other economists say the US trade deficit tends to encourage foreigners to buy up American real estate because they need some place to put their extra dollars.

Ownership

"We are running a \$150 billion a year trade deficit those bucks have got to go somewhere and the best place to spend dollars is the United States," Tuccillo said. "Clearly the percentage of ownership by foreigners in US

real estate in certain cities has got to go up."

The US Realtors (real estate agents) Association says foreign investors may spend as much as \$10 billion on US commercial real estate in 1988.

Realtors are pleased that foreign investment is sustaining a market glutted by an excess of office space, but some local tenants are unhappy about the trend.

"Given a tightening of the space market, commercial rents will rise quickly to gouge or drive out many Americans who have a need and right to interact with their government here in this city," consumer activist Ralph Nader complained in a letter to President Reagan.

The corporate law firms and trade associations that occupy

much of central Washington's office space can pass on the added costs to their clients. The non-profit organisations that may champion causes for the poor, farmers, taxpayers or consumers will be unable to do so, Nader said.

Those groups "have a stake in not being driven away by the sale of Washington, DC in order to make profits for foreign currency-driven companies," he said.

"It is one matter to permit heavy foreign real estate investment in locations such as Hawaii or Los Angeles. It is quite another matter to reign passively while the nation's capital becomes foreign-owned," he added.

The White House has not responded to the letter, Nader told Reuters.

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The White House has not responded to the letter, Nader told Reuters.

World Business Summary

Seagram takeover bid for Martell faces problems

PARIS, Dec 20, (Reuter): A bid by the giant Canadian drinks conglomerate Seagram to buy control of Martell, one of France's oldest family-run Cognac houses, looks increasingly likely to run into legal problems, share analysts say. A British rival, Grand Metropolitan, says Seagram's bid flouts the spirit if not the letter of French takeover law, and has charged that the sale by the Firmino-Martell family of 43 per cent of the company stock to Seagram last Wednesday was illegal. The London-based hotel and drinks group Grand Metropolitan, which holds 19.9 percent of Martell, predicted the proposed corporate cocktail would go sour "in that it seems to have been concluded without respect for share-trading regulations."

Share analysts said the French government, which must approve Seagram's offer, could block the takeover because most shareholders were not consulted. But Seagram and Martell, which could ask the European Economic Community (EEC) to overturn Paris, were already celebrating.

"We will be joining two family firms which have a long tradition of quality and a leading position in spirits," Seagram President Edgar Bronfman said in a joint statement with Martell.

"We want to associate Martell with the great brands already held by Seagram, including Perrier-Jonet (champagne), Chivas Regal (whisky), Glenlivet (whisky) and Sandeman (cherry and port)," Martell chairman Rene Firmino-Martell also extolled common family tradition in the statement.

Seagram gained a majority in Martell by buying a 10 per cent stake in the open market earlier this month through its French champagne subsidiary Mumm Et Cie. It then secured a pledge for the Martell family's 43 per cent block of shares. "We surrounded ourselves with a maximum of guarantees. The procedure we have selected is provided for in the law. In theory, I am confident," Rene Firmino-Martell told Reuters.

But Grand Metropolitan said through its French adviser Credit Commercial de France (CCM) that it was looking for ways of toppling the Canadian offer "according to market procedures."

Market rules, CCM said, allow all shareholders, not just founders, to benefit from the best price for holdings.

Iran to expand trade relations with India

NEW DELHI, Dec 20, (Kuna): A high level Iranian industrial delegation, led by Minister for Heavy Industry Behzad Nahavati today had detailed discussions with his Indian counterpart J. Vengala Rao and senior officials on industrial and economic cooperation between the two countries. The Industry Minister, J. Vengala Rao, expressed the hope that the discussions would not only consolidate existing economic relations but would open up new vistas for cooperation in the heavy industry sector. The area focussed by the different groups of the delegation relate to automobiles, power engines, bicycles, motor cycles, gear box axles and shock absorbers, machine tools, equipment manufacturing and foundry and forgings. The Iranian delegation will also visit various industrial establishments, both in the public and private sectors in Bombay, Pune and Bangalore.

There will be four working groups which will go into details for conclusion of agreements, namely, industrial and engineering cooperation, education, research and manpower, industrial transactions and coordination.

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Mozambique expects 6pc growth

MAPUTO, Dec 20, (Reuter): The Japanese government sources declined to comment on details of the planned G-7 statement, but a delay in Congress action meant it would probably be issued sometime this week instead, the sources said.

Congressional efforts to pass bills to cut the US budget deficit have been bogged down in a fight over aid to Nicaraguan rebels

which President Ronald Reagan has said must be approved to stave off his veto.

Although the White House and congressional leaders yesterday reached a tentative pact on giving more money to the rebels, Congress will not finish work before tomorrow on a package of bills to cut the budget deficit, US officials said.

The G-7 had planned to issue the statement this weekend, but a delay in Congress action meant it would probably be issued sometime this week instead, the sources said.

Congressional efforts to pass bills to cut the US budget deficit have been bogged down in a fight over aid to Nicaraguan rebels

which President Ronald Reagan has said must be approved to stave off his veto.

Mozambique, which joined the IMF in 1984, agreed in May to sweeping changes in economic policy, including two massive devaluations, a cut in the budget deficit, tight controls on credit and subsidies and stiff price rises.

The aim was to reverse a catastrophic economic slide in which Gross National Product fell by 11 per cent a year from 1981 to 1985.

The plan opened the way for a 20-year rescheduling of \$80 million of Mozambique's debts by the Paris Club and to increased aid commitments by

donor nations to cover essential imports.

IMF studies estimate that Mozambique will continue to need external aid of around \$1 billion a year until well into the 1990s.

Exports of cotton, sugar, cashews, tea and other commodities are running at less than half the level of the early 1980s and are unlikely to recover fully within an 11-year war waged by right-wing rebels ended.

The G-7 estimates that Mozambique's debt repayments are more than double its earnings from exports and services. By 1991 the debt service ratio will fall slightly but will still be 135 per cent.

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CURRENCY & BUSINESS

Oil exporters try to keep \$18

Opec is at a crossroads

LONDON, Dec 20, (Reuters): Opec is at a crossroads. The next few weeks will determine whether it can convince a sceptical world oil market that it can keep charging \$18 for a barrel of oil, senior Opec sources say.

The sources say they believe that the group has the cohesion to stick to the letter of a make-shift price and production pact hammered out in Vienna last week to maintain its \$18 reference price for the first half of next year.

Eroded

But oil traders say that unless the group ends the price discounting and overproduction that have eroded the group's control of the market, prices could tumble to less than \$12 a barrel in a re-run of the 1985-86 market collapse. "We are all serious," one senior Opec source said. "But let's see how member states behave. The next three weeks will be crucial."

He and other senior figures in the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries fear that the group may have to call an emergency meeting in February or March if prices continue the tail-spin that followed the

Vienna accord. The next scheduled meeting is in June.

Free market prices plunged under \$15 a barrel last week because traders think the group will pump well over the agreed 15.06 million barrels per day (bpd) ceiling, and some might offer discounts from the official benchmark price.

Iraq refused to be party to the Vienna pact and has rejected every quota offered it since mid-1986, when Iran and Saudi Arabia forged a new output agreement to drain the surplus from world oil markets and boost prices.

Iraq demands a quota equal to Iran's 2.369 million bpd and is pumping close to 2.5 million bpd, way above the 1.54 million bpd quota it rejects. This kind of disregard for quotas led to the 1985-86 oil price collapse.

Opec sources say the root of Opec's problems is the Iran-Iraq war, with Gulf states seeking to isolate Iran and minimise its influence in the organisation.

By their account, Gulf states sought at the Vienna meeting to give Iraq the quota parity it demanded and reach a 12-state agreement, with Iran refusing to

sign.

They reasoned that because Iran needs cash to finance its war with Iraq, it would not flood the market with crude and depress prices, even if it could, given Iraqi attacks on Iranian oil installations.

Failed

But they failed. Opec's moderate bloc, which includes members from Latin America, Asia and Africa, rejected Iraq's attempt to effectively accord itself the quota it wanted, the Opec sources say.

This bloc is now angry at Gulf states and is waiting to see whether they will adhere to their quotas and the Opec-mandated price or will continue to behave, in the words of one senior source, as another organisation within Opec.

Some Opec sources fear that Gulf states might be more concerned about isolating Iran than defending the oil prices.

Biggest

They reason that Gulf states have the biggest oil reserves and healthiest economies in Opec and could afford to ride out a price collapse if it meant emptying

Iran's war chest. Several Gulf states, notably the UAE, have produced massively above quota, undermining the united front the group says it wants to present to the world oil market.

To counter this, Opec President Rilwan Lukman has proposed that a Dutch company be used to monitor output, instead of relying on the often inaccurate output figures member states send to the Vienna headquarters.

Senior Opec sources say all member states have agreed to this, but whether or not the firm is allowed to carry out its work in the Gulf remains to be seen.

Boost

Independent verification that Opec was producing at its ceiling would give prices a sharp boost, but any refusal by a member state to allow the auditors to carry out their work would be disastrous, Opec sources say.

The group is supposed to start work next month, producing figures every two months, Opec sources say. But traders and analysts will have conjured their own figures on Opec output in the first half of January.

KD deposit rates hit new record lows

KUWAITI dinar deposit rates hit new 1987 record lows yesterday as monthly salary payments flooded an already liquid market.

Dealers said the Central Bank bid for funds to absorb some of the excess, paying 2-3/4 and 2-7/8 percent for the one-month, 3-1/2 per cent for the two-month and four per cent for three-month.

High liquidity has been caused by maturing Central Bank bills and insufficient issues of new treasury bills and bonds designed to finance the state budget deficit.

Lowest

One-month interbank funds traded at 2-7/8 per cent, which dealers said was one of the lowest levels ever. They later firmed, with business at 3-1/2 per cent and quotes at four, 3-1/2 per cent.

Overnight opened at Saturday's six, five per cent but was later offered at four per cent with no takers.

Tomorrow-next and spot-next dealt at two per cent and were quoted at 2-1/2, 1-1/2 per cent from Saturday's 3-1/2, 2-1/2 per cent.

There was little or no activity in the longer fixed dates, with three-month quoted at five, four per cent, six-month at 5-5/8, 1-1/2 per cent and one-year-six, 5-1/2 per cent.

The Central Bank dinar exchange rate was unchanged as usual on Sundays at 0.27308/42 to the dollar. The spot dinar traded around 0.27340/50.

Meanwhile, Saudi riyal interbank deposits traded barely changed in a very quiet market on Saturday, with liquidity high and many banks winding down operations for the year end.

Traders said Saturday's offer by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (Sama) of 1.5 billion riyals in bankers security deposit accounts appeared to have attracted little interest and failed to drain excess cash from the system.

The 30-day offering had a yield of just 3.8 per cent, below interbank rates of about 4-1/8 to 3-7/8 per cent. Some bankers said the issue appeared to have been heavily undersubscribed.

There was little movement in one-month rates yesterday, with dealers quoting an unchanged 4-1/8, 3-7/8 per cent spread.

Bangladesh resumes oil production

DHAKA, Dec 20, (Reuters): Bangladesh's only oil field resumed production after a three-month break caused by an explosion but still faces storage and processing problems, oil company officials said.

The Haripur field in the northeastern district of Sylhet started pumping 300 barrels of crude a day last week, Oil and Gas Corporation officials told reporters yesterday.

They said the explosion, which destroyed one of five storage tanks containing 1,200 barrels of crude was probably caused by a cigarette.

The field, discovered in December 1986, could eventually produce 600 barrels per day of waxy crude, the officials said.

Foreign Currency Selling Rates

Kuwait-India Int'l Exchange Co.

Tel 2422698/2422733

2422738-3917353

Philippine peso	13.650
Lebanese pound	593.800
Australian dollar	197.200
Indian rupees	21.205
Pakistani rupees	15.745
Sri Lankan rupees	9.080
UAE dirham	74.585
Bahraini dinar	726.500
N. Yemeni dinar	798.000
UAE dirhams	74.650
Deutsche marks	168.100
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SPORTS

GIANTS ELIMINATE PACKERS FROM CONTENTION

Broncos move closer to playoffs



Morris (right) becomes the 2nd Giant to rush for more than 4,000 yards.

Foreman ready to fight Tyson for big money

LAS VEGAS, Nevada, Dec 20, (AP): Former heavyweight champion George Foreman, continuing his unlikely comeback at age 39, says he is ready to take on current titleholder Mike Tyson — for big money.

"I want to fight Mike Tyson," he said after stopping Rocky Sekorski in the third round Friday night for his fifth straight knockout. "It doesn't do me any good to fight these guys for nickels and dimes. I'm looking for a good fight."

The unbeaten Tyson certainly would provide a good fight — and the lucrative payday. Foreman is seeking, after collecting only \$10,000 for beating Sekorski.

"In reality, I can do it right now," Foreman said about fighting the hard-punching Tyson. "But give me another six months, so I can dress it up, for the promoters."

Foreman is having so much fun in his comeback that he didn't even sit on the stool between rounds.

Impressive

"I'm full of excitement now," Foreman said after stopping the game but outclassed Sekorski at 2:48 of the third round in the most impressive fight of his comeback. "This old dog has got another few tricks left."

Foreman methodically pounded Sekorski with left jabs and savage rights before a string of about 30 unanswered head punches finally convinced referee Richard Steele to halt the one-sided fight.

"It's nothing new for the referee to come in and rescue a fighter from me," said Foreman, who held the heavyweight championship from January 1973 until Muhammad Ali stopped him in October 1974. "We don't want to see anyone hurt."

Foreman showed he still has zip in his left jab and power in his right hand, although at 244 pounds he fought flat-footed and showed little movement.

Zurbriggen finishes fourth

Tomba scores 5th World Cup win



Tomba shows his joy after winning.

Switzerland's Pirmin Zurbriggen, the defending World Cup champion and a heavy favourite to capture at least three gold

medals in the Olympic games at Calgary in February, finished fourth in 1:47.37, although slalom is not his specialty.

Rok Petrovici of Yugoslavia, former World Cup overall slalom winner, skied his best race this season to clock an aggregate of 1:48.04 for fifth place.

Swedish veteran Ingemar Stenmark placed sixth, lagging 1.72 seconds behind the winner. The Swede was only ninth after the first heat.

Another Yugoslav, Grega Benedik, dropped from third place after the first run to finish seventh in 1:48.09.

Tied for the eighth place were three Austrians, Hubert Strolz, Mathias Berthold and Dietmar Kochlbichler, each with an aggregate of 1:48.18.

Event

Today's event in this Slovenian resort was the third special slalom of the World Cup and the eighth event of this season's competition of Alpine skiing.

The competition continues with a parallel slalom in Bormio on Dec 22 and a downhill in Schladming on Dec 31.

Curcetti fails to come out for 9th round

Mitchell retains WBA crown

CAPO D'ORLANDO, Sicily, Dec 20, (Reuter): Brian Mitchell of South Africa retained his World Boxing Association (WBA) junior-lightweight title last night when he stopped Francesco Curcetti of Italy in the ninth of 12 scheduled rounds.

The Venezuelan referee gave the Italian a standing count as blood oozed out of gash on Curcetti's left eyebrow, and allowed the fight to continue but it was not fast for long.

In the eighth round the Italian hit the floor again, after failing to hit Mitchell. The referee gave him a check and a second standing count and again resumed the fight.

But Curcetti failed to come out of his corner in the ninth round and the referee declared the fight

stopped.

The contrasting styles of the two men — quiet and precise fighting by the South African against the more aggressive and impulsive Italian — characterized the early rounds.

Allowed

Curcetti had a brief moment of hope in the second round when Mitchell appeared off-balance and again in the fourth when the South African allowed his guard to drop.

But as the fight wore on it became clear the Johannesburg-born champion was in no real danger. The win was his 33rd in 36 fights. He has only been defeated once.

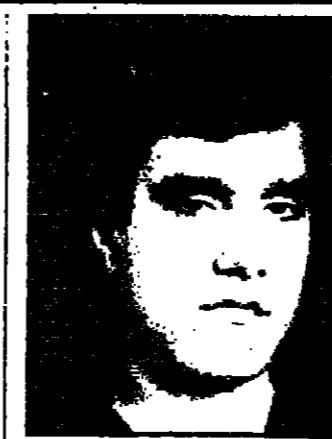
Palmer and Walker lead

MONTEGO BAY, Jamaica, Dec 20, (Reuter): Arnold Palmer and Colleen Walker carded nine birdies for a tournament-low round of 62 and the lead after yesterday's second round of the \$85,000 Sandy Bay Championship golf tournament.

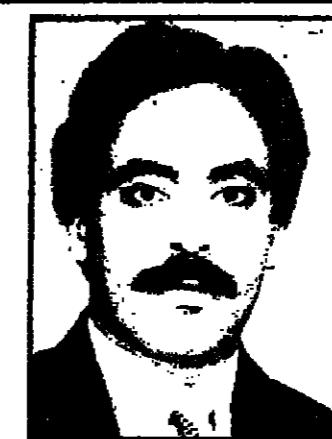
Palmer and Walker, with a total of 15 under-par 127, hold a one-stroke advantage over fellow-Americans Miller Barber and Nancy Lopez.

First-round leaders Butch Baird and Chris Johnson were alone in third place on 129.

The 12 teams competing — composed of selected LPGA and PGA senior players — seemed unaffected by the gusting wind conditions on the par-71 course.



Asif: good batting



Taseen: seven for 10

Punjab triumph twice

PUNJAB Cricket Club (Farwania) scored two victories in different tournaments on Friday.

Joe Morris, still looking for his first 100-yard rushing game this season, accounted for New York's other touchdown on a 3-yard run in the second quarter.

Morris became the second Giant to rush for more than 4,000 yards in a career in the first quarter. He went into the game 11 yards shy of the plateau reached previously on the Giants only by Alex Webster, who played in the 1950s and '60s.

The loss dropped Green Bay to 5-8-1 with one game left in the regular season, and left Minnesota, St Louis and the Los Angeles Rams to battle for the final NFC wild-card playoff berth.

For the Giants, eliminated from any chance at defending their Super Bowl title, the victory was only their fifth in 14 games.

some torrid bowling by the Punjab players. Tariq Sharafat and Javed Hayat tormented the Millat batsmen and the whole team was out for 115, four runs short of their target.

Tariq was the main wicket-taker with four scalps while Sharafat and Javed got two each. Anwar Khan and Aziz Butt chipped in with one wicket each.

In the second match against Millat, Punjab won the toss at the New Kheitan ground and decided to make first use of the wicket. Punjab were given a good start by their openers who put on 40 runs for the first wicket.

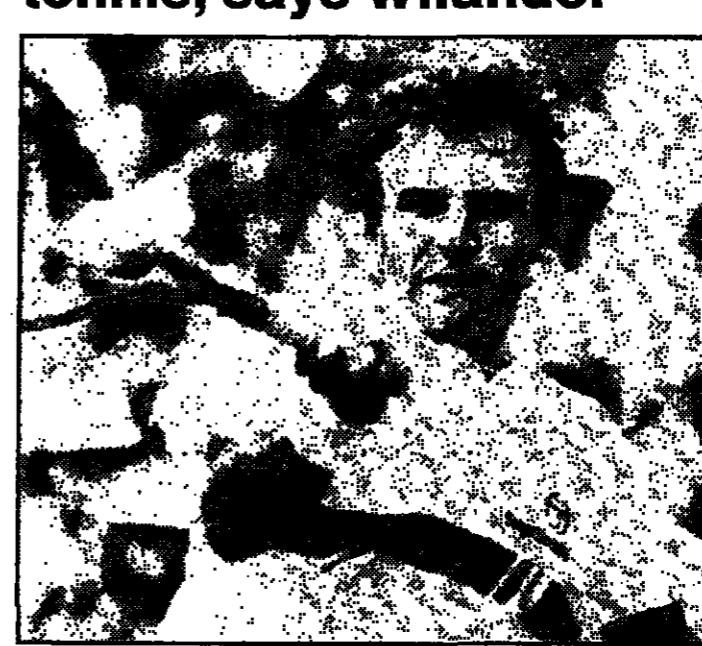
Arif was in excellent form and remained unbeaten on 86 as Punjab reached 193 for the loss of only three wickets. M. Anwar contributed 35, Sharafat 29, Aziz 16 and Amer 15.

Accurate

In reply, Morning Star had no answer to the accurate Punjab bowling and were all out for 49 in only 12 overs.

In reply, Millat kept up with the run rate but soon ran into

Doping tests will harm tennis, says Wilander



Wilander: against doping tests

But he added that if serious suspicions arose in the future, tests might become necessary.

Rumours of drug abuse among tennis professionals have prompted calls that tennis should join the rising number of sports which regularly test their players for doping.

"There are no doping cases in tennis so there is no reason to introduce tests," he told a news conference after leading Sweden to an unassailable 3-0 lead against India in the Davis Cup final.

Suspicion

"Doping tests would unfairly stain the reputation of tennis because they would suggest suspicion, a lack of trust," said Wilander, ranked number three in the world.

Wilander said there was a 50 per cent chance that he would compete in Seoul.

"The prospect of winning an Olympic medal does not excite me as much as, say, the Davis Cup or Wimbledon," he said. "It might take 15 or 20 years before the Olympics becomes a big thing in tennis."

Planning

Compatriot Stefan Edberg, who won the unofficial tennis tournament at the 1984 Los Angeles Olympics, said he was planning to play in Seoul.

"I don't know what weight an Olympic medal would carry, but it would be great fun to play there," Edberg, ranked second in the world, said.

Edberg was ruled out of the final tie because of an ankle injury.

India turn Cup final into joyful family outing

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, Dec 20, (Reuter): India, fielding a Los Angeles film producer and a New York businessman against Sweden's world tennis stars, turned the 76th Davis Cup final into a joyful family outing.

Team captain Vijay Amritraj, 34, who is in semi-retirement from tennis and runs a small film company with brother Ashok, had vainly urged Sweden to do the same.

"Don't take it too seriously ... why not let my old friend Bjorn Borg play a few matches," pleaded Amritraj before the opening ceremony last Friday.

Ranked

"You can afford to take a chance or two, everyone knows that Sweden against India is the most one-sided Davis Cup final of all time," he added.

And so it proved. Amritraj, ranked 218th in the world, was never close to winning a set against Anders Jarryd, ranked 14th, in the opening singles.

Playing with his unranked 36-year-old brother Anand, who runs a tennis club and restaurant on New York's Long Island, he did win one set in yesterday's doubles against Mats Wilander and Joakim Nyström, but the outcome was never in doubt.

India's number one Ramesh Krishnan was all smiles when posing behind the bulky Davis Cup trophy with his father Ramanathan and other members of his family, the women in stunningly coloured saris.

"This is a nice way to meet up with my family and relatives," he said.

Ramanathan Krishnan, star of the Indian team which lost the 1966 Davis Cup final in Australia, had little hope his son would improve the family's fortunes.

Advised

"Nobody expects you to win. Just relax and enjoy yourself ... play loose and play free," he advised his son.

Krishnan the younger, ranked 49th in the world, remained smiling after his defeat in straight sets to world number three Mats Wilander.

"He is simply a better player than me," Krishnan said, adding that his main concern had been in finding a good Indian restaurant in Gothenburg.

India reached the final after unlikely victories against Argentina, Israel and Australia, but those ties were all played on fast grass courts favoured by the Indians.

The style of the Swedes and Indians contrasted starkly during the final with the highly-motivated Wilander and Jarryd adopting a rigid baseline strategy while the Indians played a more elegant and imaginative, but far less effective, game.

The partly well-groomed Krishnan looks more like a merchant banker than a tennis player, and Vijay Amritraj appears as though he would be happier back in the role of James Bond's accomplice who used a tennis racket to fend off his pursuers in the 007 film *Octopussy*.

Amritraj has lost much of the agility which helped him reach Wimbledon quarterfinals in 1973 and 1981, and against Jarryd he stumbled and fell when trying to run backwards.

Humour

But in a scene symbolic of India's graceful style of defeat, Amritraj turned humiliation into a victory for humour by sitting up, leisurely crossing his legs and awaiting Krishnan's arrival with a towel to dust him down.

"The Davis Cup of 1987 was a fairytale, a wonderful dream," said Amritraj.

"Then those damn Swedes had to come along and wake me up."

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Abu Tareq



Kasparov follows his wife Natasha as they leave Lope de Vega Theatre. Right: Kasparov ponders over a move. (Reuter radiophotos)

delegation, but the audience refused to halt their thunderous rhythmic applause.

Kasparov reappeared with match officials and triumphantly raised both hands in the air, provoking another roar from the crowd.

Kasparov's arch-enemy, Campomanes, was jeered by his team.

"There was a lot of hugging and kissing," said Andrew Page, "Campomanes was twice

a 42-year-old Briton who is Kasparov's business manager in the West.

With Kasparov leading 12-11, Kasparov needed to win the final game to tie the match score and keep his title.

After a frantic time scramble Friday, Kasparov adjourned the game one pawn ahead.

A display of subtle maneuvering enabled Kasparov to win the game and close friend waiting in the wings.

For several minutes Kasparov celebrated with members of his

SPORTS BRIEFS

Davis Cup

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, Dec 20. (AP): Anders Jarryd and Mats Wilander completed a 5-0 shutout over India in the Davis Cup final by winning today's reversed singles in straight sets. Jarryd, who replaced the injured Stefan Edberg in the final, outplayed Ramesh Krishnan 6-4, 6-3 and Wilander whipped Vijay Amritraj 6-2, 6-0 on the red indoor clay.

Women's hockey

BAD NEUENAHR, West Germany, Dec 20. (Reuter): Favourites West Germany overcame the Netherlands 10-8 in the final today to take the women's European Indoor Hockey Championship for the fifth time in a row.

Smoke scare

NOTTINGHAM, England, Dec 20. (AP): Police and officials of a soccer club were praised today for preventing a near riot after smoke billowed from the stand at the Notts County-Preston North End match, causing scenes reminiscent of the 1985 Bradford fire disaster that killed 56 people.

IOC chief

GOTHENBURG, Sweden, Dec 20. (Reuter): International Olympic Committee president Juan Antonio Samaranch said today that last week's presidential elections in South Korea would contribute to the smooth running of the 1988 Seoul Games.

Breast boss

BREST, France, Dec 20. (Reuter): Francois Yvinec, president of French First Division soccer club Brest, said he used disguise and spread a false trail to escape criminal charges in Colombia and bring back a prized Paraguayan striker.

Portugal win

VALLETTA, Malta, Dec 20. (Reuter): Portugal beat Malta 1-0 (half-time 0-0) in their European Soccer Championship Group Two qualifying match today.

Giant slalom

PIANCARAVOLO, Italy, Dec 20. (AP): Catherine Quittet of France won her first-ever giant slalom and her second race in the women's World Cup competition today at this north Italian resort.

Sheikh Fahd

THE chairman of Kuwait Football Association, Sheikh Fahd Al Ahmed yesterday renewed his invitation to the Hebron Sports Club, in the occupied West Bank, to play in Kuwait with Palestinian clubs here next month.

Berwick charged

HALIFAX, Dec 20. (AP): Heavyweight boxer Trevor Berwick has been charged with sexually assaulting a teenage girl in Halifax more than two years ago, the Halifax News reports.

Canada triumph

MOSCOW, Dec 20. (AP): Canada beat the Soviets 3-2 last night in the third round of the Izvestia hockey tournament, marking the first time in 15 years that a Canadian team has won a game in the Soviet Union.

Easy victories

PARIS, Dec 20. (AP): Pernell Whitaker of the United States and Jose Luis Ramirez of Mexico scored easy boxing victories last night to set up a world championship bout next March.

Snatch record

TOKYO, Dec 20. (AP): He Zhuoqiang of China broke the world snatch record with a lift of 118 kilogrammes today in the 52-kilogramme class in the Japan-China Friendship Weightlifting Meet in Niigata, southwestern Japan.

NHL games

NEW YORK, Dec 20. (Reuter): Results of National Hockey League (NHL) games played yesterday (only games scheduled):

St Louis	7	Boston	5
Philadelphia	5	New York	4
Pittsburgh	5	Rangers	3
Hartford	4	Edmonton	3
Buffalo	2	Montreal	2
Chicago	3	Toronto	2
New Jersey	3	Minneapolis	1
Calgary	4	Los Angeles	1

French soccer

PARIS, Dec 20. (Reuter): French First Division soccer results yesterday:

Bordeaux	1	Montpellier	0
Brest	2	Marseille	1
Cannes	1	Toulouse	0
Laval	0	Auxerre	0
Lille	1	Lens	1
Maurice Racing	2	Metz	0
Nantes	0	Nice	1
Saint-Etienne	2	Niort	0
Toulon	3	Le Havre	0
Monaco	2	P.S. German	1

Paris race

PARIS, Dec 20. (Reuter): U.S. champion Pat Porter won the 12-km Figaro cross-country race today, emulating Morocco's Said Aouita who was the only previous non-French victor in 27 editions of the annual event.

QADIR TAKES ENGLAND TO BRINK OF DEFEAT

Gooch holds Pakistan at bay



Gooch argues with umpire Khizar Hayat after Aamir was not given caught behind off Defretes today. (Reuter radiophoto)

unhappy series by becoming Qadir's second victim seven runs later to plunge the visitors even deeper in trouble.

That brought Capel to the crease, and he batted with confidence, pulling and then driving Qadir to the boundary. But when he had made 24, he mistimed a leg-break to be caught at gully by Iqbal Qasim at the second attempt and leave England on 115 for five.

The position could have been even worse, but Javed Miandad at gully put down a chance from Emburey when he had made only three, and the off-spin bowler, who made 70 in the first innings, made full use of the opportunity to keep England's slim hopes alive.

Together with Gooch, he added 35 runs in an unfinished sixth-wicket partnership to be undefeated on nine at the close.

England took the last two Pakistan wickets in the first 40 minutes after they resumed on 345 for eight, denying Aamir Malik a well-deserved century.

Malik, who rescued Pakistan after they had been reduced to 146 for six, was undefeated on 98 when Phillip Defretes wrapped up the innings to finish with his first five-wicket Test match haul.

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West Indies brush aside President's XI

VISAKHAPATNAM, India, Dec 20. (Reuter): All-rounder Eldine Baptiste took seven for 50, giving him match figures of 11 for 97, as West Indies beat a young Indian Cricket Board President's XI by an innings and 83 runs on the final day of the three-day match here today.

The President's XI, batted out for 93 in their first innings, were dismissed for 218 seconds around having resumed at 97 for four.

Anshuman Gaekwad, experienced captain of the home team, complained about the pitch. "We performed below

Raman's 51 came in 118 minutes off 87 balls including nine fours. He was last out, lbw to a ball from Baptiste that kept low.

Dujon was named Man of the Match for his 123 in West Indies' innings of 394.

from Baptiste to second slip where the catcher Jeff Dujon was fielding while reserve wicket-keeper David Williams stood behind the stumps.

Baptiste, in particular, gained variable bounce with his fast-medium bowling, the ball sometimes keeping low and at others climbing awkwardly.

Even so, the President's XI batted with considerably more spirit in their second innings than they did in their first and Sanjay Manjrekar and WV Raman both made impressive contributions.

Manjrekar, who played in the first Test against West Indies but missed the second through injury, hit eight fours in his 47. He was out edging a nasty ball

son of Thailand.

The other South Korean boxers to move into the next round were Kong Kim who beat a Japanese on points and Park who also scored a points victory over Baquer Abdul Nabi.

Pakistan's Abrar Hussain went into the second round of the light-middleweight category by stopping Abdulla Saleem while Basit scored a points victory over Iraqi Majed Mahmoud.

India, which lost two of the four bouts it took part in on Saturday, saw its second victory come in the light-middleweight category when Gopal outpointed a Thai.

Both the Syrian boxers took their bouts on points. Hamad

expectations but this new pitch played badly. It was not a perfect one for trying young players on."

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Three S. Korean boxers win

Halboushi outpointed a Sri Lankan while Basem Hindi overcame a Thai.

A total of 18 fights were held late last night.

The president of the International Boxing Federation, Anwar Choudhry, is scheduled to hold a press conference this evening at 9.00 pm at the Holiday Inn.

second innings (overnight 97 for four)

A. Gaekwad c Hooper b Benjamin 25

L. Rajput c Richardson b Baptiste 4

K.A. Qayyim lbw b Baptiste 4

S. Manjrekar c DeJong b Baptiste 47

A. Shamsudin c Simonds b Richards 27

S. Viswanath c Williams b Davis 5

W.V. Raman lbw b Baptiste 51

G. Sharma c Butt b Baptiste 17

S. Godge c Baptiste 8

R. Staghe c Hooper b Baptiste 13

R. Patel not out 6

Extras (6-6 lb-1 nb-2) 11

Total (for five wickets) 218

Fall of wickets: 1-18 2-39 3-43 4-97

5-120 6-120 7-145 8-165 9-193

Bowling: Baptiste 26.2-8-70-7,

Benjamin 8-1-34-1, Dujon 21-0-71-0,

Richard 8-5-8-1, Davis 5-0-30-1.

West Indies won by an innings and 83 runs.

Scoreboard

WEST INDIES first innings 394 (J. Dujon 123, G. Logic 54 G. Sharma six for 136)

BOARD PRESIDENT'S XI first

innings 93 (E. Baptiste four for 27)

BOARD PRESIDENT'S XI

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Richard 8-5-8-1, Davis 5-0-30-1.

West Indies won by an innings and 83 runs.

at a cost of 86 runs.

Scoreboard

ENGLAND first innings 294 (D.

Capel 98, J. Emburey 70, Qadir five for

88).

PAKISTAN first innings (overnight

345 for eight)

Modassar Nazar lbw b Defretes 6

Rameez Raja c French b Cook 50

Salim Malik c Gatting b Defretes 55

Javed Miandad lbw b Emburey 4

Ejaz Ahmad run out 0

Aamir Malik not out 98

Ashraf Ali c French b Dilley 12

Wasim Akram c French b Defretes 37

Abid Qadir c Capel 61

Khizar Hayat c French b Cook 13

Sal